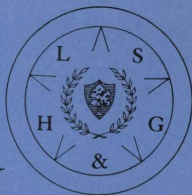


THE QUARTERLY

VOLUME XVI
NUMBER TWO

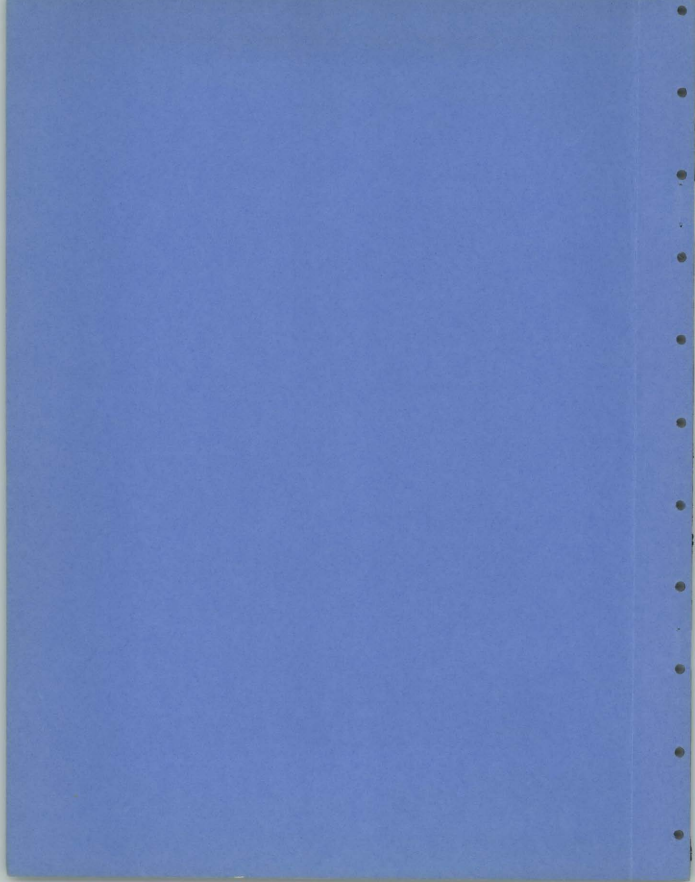


LOCAL
HISTORY
AND
GENEALOGICAL
SOCIETY

DALLAS, TEXAS

JUNE, 1970
SUMMER ISSUE

COOPERATING WITH THE DALLAS PUBLIC LIBRARY



Local History and Genealogical Society

A TEXAS CORPORATION

DALLAS, TEXAS

Cooperating with the
DALLAS PUBLIC LIBRARY

MRS. R. E. DISHMAN
Editor

THE QUARTERLY

VOLUME XVI

JUNE, 1970

NUMBER TWO

C O N T E N T S

	PAGE
Sources for Genealogical Research in the Texas State Archives	
Mrs. Fischer Osburn, Archivist -----	1-13
Early Marriage Records, Dallas County, Texas	
Mrs. J. R. Macdonald and Mrs. R. E. Dishman -----	14-18
Fish Trap Cemetery & Glover Family Cemetery -----	19
Jonathan Hunt, N.C. Will, 1782 - Mrs. R. W. McKeller -----	20-21
Rev. David Myers and Son, Organizers of the First Baptist Church in Dallas County, Texas - Mrs. Pearl Foster O'Donnell -----	22
Learning To Be A Better Genealogist at the Institute of Genealogy	
Mrs. A. E. Lush -----	23-26
Notice of Ninth Institute of Genealogy, Samford University, Birmingham, Alabama -----	26
The Dallas Herald - Issue of June 14, 1856 & June 22, 1856 -----	27-28
Surname Query Index - Genealogical Department, Dallas Public Library--	29-33
James-Capers-Witherington Bible & Family Records	
Mrs. Nadyne Goodman McGehee -----	34-38
The Nicholas Perkins Family - Additions and Corrections	
Mrs. Jewel B. Standefer -----	39
Workshop on Research in Tennessee - Ark-La-Tex. Genealogical Association -----	40
Program Given at Annual Workshop, Local History & Genealogical Society -----	41
Announcement of Fall Classes in Genealogy at El Centro College -----	42
Book Review - Euliss Family Reunion in N.C. -----	43
Additional Memberships to Local History & Genealogical Society After Publication of March, 1970 Quarterly -----	44
Officers and Directors, Local History & Genealogical Society 1970 ----	45

Local History and Genealogical Society

A PUBLICATION OF THE SOCIETY

Volume 1, No. 1

DALLAS, TEXAS

Copyright 1954
Dallas Public Library

THE QUARTERLY

Volume 11
June 1950

CONTENTS

1-11	Notes for genealogists regarding the Texas State Archives and Texas State Libraries - Genealogical Society of Texas
12-15	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
16-18	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
19-21	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
22-24	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
25-27	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
28-30	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
31-33	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
34-36	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
37-39	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
40-42	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
43-45	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
46-48	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
49-51	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
52-54	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
55-57	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
58-60	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
61-63	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
64-66	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
67-69	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
70-72	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
73-75	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
76-78	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
79-81	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
82-84	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
85-87	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
88-90	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
91-93	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
94-96	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
97-99	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith
100-102	Genealogy of the Smith Family - Mrs. J. E. Smith

SOURCES FOR GENEALOGICAL RESEARCH

IN THE TEXAS STATE ARCHIVES

By Mrs. Fischer Osburn

(This is a copy of an address given by Mrs. Osburn at the November, 1969 meeting of the Local History & Genealogical Society.)

There is no experience more invigorating and satisfying than to be a member of a team - A team seeking cooperatively - in harmony and in unison - to achieve a desired goal for a common cause.

You and I come together today in such a relationship and I am grateful for the opportunity which this occasion offers me to relate to you some of the finding aids for genealogical research in the Texas State Library and at the same time for me to vision the tremendous work you are accomplishing in this field.

I did not have to come to this meeting to learn of the genuine devotion that this group has maintained through the years for this organization.

You have fostered it --

You have nurtured it --

You have expanded it --

You have promoted it --

and

You have planted seeds that today's and tomorrow's generation will reap.

With such an organization as this I feel that it is a privilege to pass on to you some research ideas of our State that may be of help to you. Besides actual experience in this work in order to write such a speech as this, I read and studied books, articles, and successful methods that have been used previously by those seeking family lines and so I may have incorporated thoughts not entirely my own for where you find that a person has achieved a desired goal in research one tends to adopt his ideas or his methods. So any suggestion herein made could have been learned by actual experience or by another's suggestion.

One cannot speak of genealogical finding aids without intermingling some of the how to research. First, as to the how in genealogical research. One seeks original records - records of historical significance - that serve as a documentary to the history of individuals; of states; or even of a nation's past - for history is found primarily in written records. As the various divisions of the Texas State Library make a whole so do a various number of these divisions serve as a unit for research. Since the archives of Texas contain the original records it is a natural conclusion that researchers would first seek information, or search the records there.

The archives are the property of the citizens of Texas and as a depository are not a circulating library. Any person may have access to the records subject to the rules and regulations laid down by the Texas Legislature and The Texas Library Historical Commission. Instructions to the researcher upon entering the archives reading room, require registration of a new researcher who receives a permanent numbered registration card. All researchers are requested to register each day that they visit the archives and a staff member provides any instruction necessary in the use of the various finding aids.

In 1956 A PRELIMINARY GUIDE TO THE ARCHIVES OF TEXAS was published. This index to the holdings of this depository is useful but records of historical significance are continuing to be deposited and it would require a daily "up-dating" to

keep our files complete. Lack of time and limited staff prevent such perfection.

Texas records do not stand alone for Texas is so linked with other communities in and out of Texas that to proscribe the study of a progenitorship to state lines would "stifle" essential facts on which the history of Texas is based.

From a pre analysis of Texas we must conclude that a genealogist must be, or must become, a kind of a historian. The necessity of being a historian begins with initial genealogical research because of the physical area of Texas. The twenty-three original municipalities that existed in 1835 were made into counties - now numbering two hundred and fifty-four and in the process of forming counties, they were divided, and sub-divided, to such an extent that the general land office prepared a "plat showing the development of Texas counties from original land districts." Sometimes referred to as the "Genealogy of Texas Counties." This plat can be useful to trace, or even visualize, the correct order of the formation of Texas Counties and a possible migration of a family. If this plat is not available there are handbooks for genealogists which list Texas Counties by the present name and the name of the parent county.

A study of the formation of a specific county orients the researcher as to where he should begin and the records available. A person would select that group, or groups, of records that serve his best needs.

To be that genealogical historian, one must begin with a knowledge of the "where" one's ancestors made their entrance into Texas, or, where family tradition placed them. And an excellent way to begin a family record is by writing down all that you know of your family and all that you may learn from the older generation. Trivial incidents may be a valuable clue. While most researchers are conscientious yet a few are like the lady who said she "just picked her line out of a book." When you have located your family in Texas then become familiar with the vital statistics of the county of their residence - as to when the county was created; whether it had been divided, or sub-divided; and more important than all other statistics - when was the county organized - for usually only after a county was organized would records of residents be kept. Then, and only then, can one trace the descent of a person, family, or group in an area.

We, at the Texas State Library, are fortunate to have many facilities and materials available for such research. Original sources are available in order to obtain maximum benefits. Particularly the indexes and explanation of files assist in locating information.

For basic records for family names we suggest to the genealogical researcher that he check, inspect, and study

- 1st The Military Records
- 2nd The population schedules
- 3rd Any related manuscripts
- 4th Various indexes
- 5th Periodicals
- 6th Reference Books and
- 7th Tax Rolls

Discussing the finding aids that I have just listed, let us take them in order. First the military records - under the label of records of the Republic from

1835 to 1845. The Republic of Texas formally came into being as a result of the Constitutional convention of 1836 but there are records available in the latter part of 1835. This period of Texas came to an end on December 29, 1845, when Texas was officially annexed to the United States. This historical fact is important in research for requesting and locating records because the records before this date will be republic records and after this date the records will be State and, in some instances, Federal.

Persons who served in the Texas Army, or who rendered a service to the Republic, should have a record there. Soldiers who fought at Goliad; at the Alamo; at San Jacinto; at Mier - to mention a few - as well as other various records of service, and, for many individuals. This file of 30,000 pieces is by no means a complete file. An example of such a document filed under the name of David Crockett reads:

"Washington 23 January 1836

This is to certify that John Lott furnished myself and four other volunteers on the way to the army with accommodations for ourselves and horses. The Government will pay him \$7.50 (signed) David Crockett"

Since the General Land Office granted land for military service let us call attention to this file of names. The General Land Office has about 215,000 original land grants from the periods when prior to the Republic, Texas was under Spain, Mexico, then the Republic, and then the State of Texas.

Repeating, for the sake of emphasis, while these are files of the General Land Office, grants were issued to people for various reasons. Among the stipulations for which land was granted were:

To persons who were residing in Texas on the Day of the Declaration of Independence of the Republic of Texas, 2nd Of March, 1836, a First Class Certificate was given.

All heads of families received one league, which was 5,000 varas or approximately 2 5/8 statute miles, and one labor which was 177.1 acres.

All single men of the age of seventeen and upwards, received one-third of a league.

To the volunteers who arrived in the Republic after March 2, 1836, and before August 1, 1836, and received an honorable discharge from the army, land was given.

Also, among the last group, headright, second class, third class, fourth class, and donation certificates were issued. Each of these divisions being land for specific reasons. These records are valuable to a genealogical researcher.

Back to the Archives --

There are files of individual claims for service in the Navy, Army supplies, and for Civil Service. These files are arranged alphabetically under the name of the claimant. While biographical information is not included in these documents a name, a place and a date are usually given.

Let us look at a document from the Civil Service file for Sam Houston. The document reads:

"The Republic of Texas

1842

March 13

To Sam Houston for services as president of the Republic of Texas. One quarter ending 13th of March at \$5000 per annum, \$1,250 (received)

\$1,250

Recd. The above from

A Brigham

Treasurer

(Signed)

Sam Houston"

A file of a later date and that is valuable to those seeking names in the Republic bears the title of Public Debt Papers, 1848-1854. These papers are files of claims against the Republic of Texas which were acknowledged, audited, and paid. There are certificates, correspondence, and affidavits for each claim in these records.

An example of a claim from this files reads:

"Public Debt of the Republic of Texas"

"This is to certify that Thos. G. Western ---Sundry claims for rent of government offices in Houston in 1842 amounting to one hundred and ninety six and 33/100 dollars ----

Approved

(signed) John M. Swisher

Auditor "

Continuing with Military Records --

The army papers contain letters, papers, and documents relating to military matters. These papers are by date and include the Republic and Texas after statehood.

After statehood we again inspect the ranger records which cover a period from 1836 continuously in our files through 1910. The rangers are now a part of the Department of Public Safety.

As stated, the Ranger service was instituted in 1835 and after the civil war "became administratively a part of the adjutant general's department." Containing rosters of names there are about four hundred and thirty pieces in this file.

Following in chronological order are the rosters of the volunteer soldiers from Texas during the Mexican War, 1846 - 1848. While these records are not indexed, they are arranged alphabetically and by the organization in which they served. There are nineteen rolls of this on microfilm.

Records of the "War between the States", 1861-1865, include the participants in the Civil War, estimated about 140,000 cards, roster to the confederate home,

and the Confederate pensions. For biographical information and the Confederate pensions contain more vital statistics possibly than any other records. The Texas volunteer guard rosters are on microfilm from about 1890-1910. The volunteer guard was followed by the Texas National Guard and records in the Archives for this organization cover a period of 1900-1910.

Immediately following to the National Militia Act of 1903, the Texas Legislature passed an Act reorganizing the Texas Volunteer Guard as the Texas National Guard. The records of both organizations as well as the personnel were closely inter-related. The National Guard was mustered into Federal service in World War I and World War II. The enlistment papers of both of these organizations are arranged alphabetically and numbered about 1200 pieces.

Probably the greatest number of names for the Genealogical public are in the Military Records on deposit in the Texas State Library. Probably the first records any institution secures for research, in the genealogical field, are the census records. I mention the Federal Census only in passing because through various channels these records are generally available irrespective of the locale. Because the census records are discussed later, only mention is made here.

Other various indexes I would like to call to your attention are:

1. Memorials and petitions to the Texas Legislature
2. Bonds and oaths of both the Republic and the State
3. General Land Office letters received 1846-1900
4. Registered voters of 1867
5. Election registers, 1836-1900
6. Early Texas marriage records (certain counties)
7. Post Office papers.
8. General information index (listing are by persons, places, and things)
9. Indexes to birth, probate birth records, and death records 1903-63
10. State Cemetery Roll
11. Charter ledgers
12. Maps of Texas, and
13. Picture file and
14. Probate Records of a few counties

Periodicals and reference books must not be overlooked for they have a definite value in genealogical research. They are varied as to subject matter and inclusive to most of the areas of Texas and particularly the histories of the counties of Texas.

The reference division of the Texas State Library and the brochure of this division state:

"The reference division has a strong genealogy collection, with emphasis on the southern states. Included are lineage books, family histories, hand-books, and county and State histories and records. Housed in an attractive genealogy room, the collection is used constantly and does not circulate. Librarians assist at all times in locating material; however, actual research must be done by the patron."

This division fills a great need and serves many patrons.

To quote one who knew the history of taxation in Texas and who, in narrating on this subject, began his recounting with the biblical decree Caesar Augustus issued that "All the world should be taxed." This decree has been accepted down through the ages and taxation, in various ways, has become a "Permanent fixture."

The archives holdings include the Ad Valorem Tax rolls from about 1835 through 1910. These rolls are by counties and each county lists all who have taxable property.

Many files to assist the genealogist have been listed and described. Still unmentioned are the colonization contracts from 1829 to 1845; Consular correspondence between the various Texan Governments and the agents in New Orleans; Diplomatic correspondence, The official correspondence between the Texan Governments and other powers; Domestic correspondence of official and private nature from 1822 to 1846; and Memorials and Petitions, arranged alphabetically under the name of the petitioner.

The list could grow for it has been said that the Archives division of the Texas State Library is one of the richest stores of source materials in existence for the history of Texas since 1835.

We have often been asked -- What new records were uncovered in the Archives during the move into the new building?

Of course we did not uncover any new items during the move. Every package - every cabinet - every file - and every stack have always been labeled, or identified, as they are now labeled and identified. So - the problem was that any new source, or sources, - for research - would have to be found from a thorough search of our unindexed files. So - I began to take stock of the files as they are and I searched diligently through manuscripts - all kinds of records - and many books - I made many discoveries, many re-discoveries, and the ultimate result of my search was that I located and selected seven sources which I shall again call finding aids and which have been seldom, or never, used by genealogists in researching in the State Archives.

What then are the finding aids that might assist in further genealogical research?

There are seven of these finding aids that I would like to list --listed they read:

1. Texas State Gazetteer and Business Directory
2. Niles' Weekly Register
3. Hening's Statutes
4. 1890 Census, Microfilm 407
National Archives Administration
National Archives and Library Bldg.
Washington 25, D.C.
5. Service of renting microfilm (census records of other states)
Microfilm Records Library
5301 Hanawalt Drive
El Paso 3, Texas
6. Index Texas Gazette
September 1829 - February 1832
7. Ship list (from colonization papers which have in the greater part been published)

Now for a brief description of each of these aids --

ITEM I --- THE TEXAS STATE GAZETTEER was published by the Standard Directory Co., Nashville, and later by the R. L. Polk Co. The first issue in our files dates 1882.

The Gazetteer lists each town and all persons doing business therein and receiving mail at a post office. It also lists, in most cases, the banks, the bankers, the county seat, and officers, the members of legislature, and all classified trades and professions, and any business pursuits in Texas. They are arranged alphabetically and by the name of the post office.

All the names listed were secured by canvas and through postmasters. Great care was taken in the preparation of this book to ensure correctness as well as completeness. These directories should prove their worth in searching all areas in Texas in the 1882-1897 period. There is then a gap in dates until the 1914 issue.

Let us take a city as an example to show what information is given about a city in these books.

In this instance let us choose San Antonio --

The Gazetteer first gives a description of Bexar County, then of San Antonio - The history of its founders - the distances of San Antonio from other Texas Towns - the Religions found there - the Colleges - the Buildings - the Hospitals - the health condition - and, there are discussions on many and varied subjects pertaining to San Antonio, - and then - what is most important to a researcher, there are 25 pages of the names of people in San Antonio doing business for the dates of each particular directory.

It would seem that this record would almost be like have a census record -- even if only the head of the family is mentioned.

After the 1882-1883 issue the 1884-1885 issue was published -- then the 1890-1891 issue -- and this issue could assist a researcher a great deal because of the void of the 1890 Federal Census.

The fourth volume issued was that of 1896-1897 - and the last issue in our files is that of 1914-1915.

Each volume is about 1600 pages in length and the extensive information therein is unbelievable.

Small villages are listed. The names of people in these villages are listed -- and so throughout all of Texas.

With all of this information available one should be able to locate persons living in Texas between the years 1882 to 1914.

Item II -- On the list is that of NILES REGISTER. This weekly was published in Baltimore and contains documents -- Essays -- facts that are political and historical -- facts that are also geographical -- scientific -- statistical -- economical -- and -- biographical. All are records of the events of the time, and of the past, and prepared for the future and printed by the editor, H. Niles, in Baltimore.

The General Index covers the 1st series twelve volumes. Being a period of six years, from September, 1811, to September 1817.

Texas, in this series, is listed under "Spanish America." In Volume XI we find the title "establishment of Galveston," also "David Crockett" and on and on, entry after entry about the very young and maybe then unnamed Republic of Texas and the people living therein.

At Stephen F. Austin College enough emphasis was placed on these volumes that an index was prepared by George Crockett of all persons from the area of East Texas whose names appear in these volumes. Now, so valuable is this index to the college that the index may be used only at the college. So I invite you to explore NILES' REGISTER for out of state names.

Turning to the third item on the list Mr. Joseph W. Casey, the compiler of the index says of HENING'S STATUTES -- "Having become much interested in tracing the pedigrees of several Virginia families I procured a copy of HENING'S STATUTES and a hasty glance through the pages convinced me that it was a mine of genealogical lore. It substantiated with all the authority of law many statements of family history for proof of which I had hitherto searched in vain" -- and it was so useful to Mr. Hening that he indexed the original 13 volumes to make it useful to others. The supplemental volumes were later indexed and these volumes extend to the year 1836 and part of 1837.

From the title of the index we learn of the value of this work for "tree-searching." For the sake of emphasis we read the descriptive title of the index it being -- PERSONAL NAMES IN HENING'S STATUTES OF VIRGINIA AND SHEPHERD'S CONTINUATION.

Every name is printed exactly as found in the statutes. And the number of times it appears is also given.

The fourth finding aid to genealogists is the 1890 population census which is better known as the census that burned.

Every Federal census contains various vital statistics. Listed, they read agriculture schedules, mortality schedules, social statistics, products of industry, and in later years, defective, dependent and delinquent classes, and lastly, manufactures statistics. I have always been curious about the destruction by fire the 1890 census record and especially when I continued to hear that no information could be secured in regard to their having been destroyed by fire --- I wrote to the General Services Administration and they came up with the true facts. The 1890 schedules relating to vital statistics were so voluminous that they were never bound and on October 15, 1896, the Commissioner of Labor reported the schedules had been burned in a fire on March 22, 1896 about seven months earlier. And in the fire of January 1921 in the Commerce Department building the 1890 population schedules were so badly damaged they were authorized for disposal. Not too long ago a part of these 1890 census records were found to still be in existence. They are listed in the national archives as microfilm 407 and they contain a little less than 150 frames. A frame may list one person, or one family. Only parts of some states are contained on this census.

This census record includes portions of thirty-nine states besides the nine states on the roll which lists Texas.

The Texas section of the 1890 Census lists 62 sheets for Ellis County, 1 sheet for Hood County, 2 sheets for Rusk County, 29 sheets for Trinity County and 1 sheet for Kaufman County. Although very few in number the value of these listings will be of great worth to genealogists.

The fifth item is a fairly new service in the Archives. A Census record of any county in any state in the U.S. can be rented for a nominal fee and for a period of ten days.

Individuals may rent these films for \$5.00 deposit plus the rental fee of \$1.20 plus postage or they can be rented through libraries or Archives for \$1.20 without a deposit. We secure this film from the Southwestern Genealogy Library in El Paso, Texas, and for our customers it has been satisfactory but of late years little used.

The sixth source of Genealogical research should be helpful to those seeking early Texans, or migrants, to the then young land. As stated it is AN INDEX TO THE TEXAS GAZETTE, September, 1829 - February, 1832.

The list contains about 600 names and these papers can be found in the State Archives or the University of Texas Library; that is, the newspaper collection, or the Austin Public Library.

The seventh and last item was found only a short while ago while searching in the custom records. It is a ship list for the last quarter ending September 1841 of all persons landing at the port of Galveston. There are about 150 heads of families and members of these families.

Ship lists are very few and are always useful to all researchers. A published book on this subject contains Germans who came to Texas from the period between 1844-1847. This publication lists a total of 7860 names and was prepared by Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Geue of Fort Worth. It was a long and tedious work of research and is a "real find" for all genealogists.

Among my earlier statements was that you have planted seeds that today's and tomorrow's generation will reap.

Planting - reminds one of a story that may make you chuckle,

Two organizations - one a Church organization, and one a business organization, were holding conventions in the same hotel. The evening for the banquet for each group arrived. The menu for each was the same except for the dessert. The church group was to be served ice cream and the business group was to be served watermelon balls with brandy. Fate is very unkind sometimes and this time it was seemingly a tragedy. In the last rush the business men were served ice cream and the church group were served the mellow balls and brandy.

There was great confusion among the waiters and the maitre D - when suddenly one of the waiters rushed up to the head waiter and assured him - "Have no fear - everything is working out fine - those church people are eating up their dessert - and putting the seeds in their pockets."

So it is that we grab for the good seeds - and we plant them - and they grow for tomorrow's generation.

And so endeth this search ---

While all of these sources cannot benefit everyone - some of them can be used by all - the real value of these sources will depend upon the use that is made of them. I am confident that genealogists will discover in any one of them a genealogical mine.

To those who will use these sources, I hope it will be for them another goose that has laid another golden egg.

Briefly I would like to suggest some ways to fit a square peg into a round hole genealogically, or finding the lost clues of ancestors so that the square pegs will fit square holes. The use of this phrase means that wrong shaped objects sometimes fall into wrong places like too many John Browns to choose the correct John Brown. The earliest use of this phrase was stated -- fitting a square peg into a round hole and implied a waiting period to mold an object so that it could fit the proper opening.

The square peg here represents the missing link in the genealogy chart and the square hole represents the "where" to find the missing link. Normal placement occurs when the correct ancestor fits into the right line of descent. This comparison is used only to picture a concrete way of fitting ideas, pictures or persons, into their proper place.

Let us view the different kinds of genealogists. Few who are interested in tracing their ancestors, have been handed a ready-made genealogy chart.

Few, in beginning a family tree, know where to begin and fewer know how to carry on. Yet within each of these researchers there is a persistent desire to know all about their family.

Many will continue to seek that ancestor who came on an unknown ship, or an unknown day, in an unknown year, while others will continue to seek even more elusive facts.

All, in varying degrees, take pride in the achievements of mote ancestors for all people must look upon themselves as a link connecting the past and the future.

Let us for a moment look at a common everyday object, just as a common crooked stick. On almost every wood pile we can find that crooked stick. This stick will not lie straight, stand straight, will not sit straight - and as long as it is there it trips us up. Eventually that stick must be "straightened out."

When proof of ancestry cannot be found - when records are needed that do not seem to exist - when answers do not fit the questions - the non existing facts become square pegs in round holes - they are missing links or that crooked stick.

Where then does one find the missing clue? How does one continue?

Our interest here is specific. What are the areas that have been overlooked, or even unknown, to the researcher that will assist in clarifying genealogical charts?

To answer these questions we oftentimes find the thing we seek "is near at hand"--so it is with these suggestions for continuing genealogical research are offered.

Most of these suggestions are already a part of you. In 1, 2, 3 order I list them for your inspection:

1. Seek relatives, all kinds, everywhere.
2. Talk to friends of the family.
3. Write post masters for addresses to locate relatives.
4. Seek names in newspapers and write editors to locate friends or families.
5. Secure family names from city directories.
6. Check with County clerks for marriage records.
7. Write to genealogist living near old home town or even
8. Employ genealogists living near old home town.
9. Write the national Archives for earlier census records than those available to you.
10. Secure lists from immigration bureau.
11. Check persons of your surname.
12. Visit, or write, genealogical libraries.
13. Check or write, Bureau of Vital Statistics of the states where your family have lived.
14. Read newspapers for
 - A. Classified advertisements
 - B. Old obituary notices.
15. Check war records.
16. Check pension records.
17. Read County land records.
18. Study County histories.
19. Study State histories.
20. Check County probate records.
21. Seek genealogical correspondence with genealogical magazines.
22. Prove family traditions, (especially investigate pretended relationship with men of high estate.)
23. Remember Counties were divided and sub-divided. Check all
24. Census records for every county involved.
25. Read County tax records.
26. (Lastly) check all available census records of all states involved.

Each of these suggested areas are self-explanatory. Some of them have already been discussed in the foregoing but repetition of them can serve as an emphasis of their importance. You will rightfully conclude that in using the suggested list it will entail much correspondence but the suggestions offered may help find some ancestors.

They may bring no results - you may write many letters without results - many letters may never be answered - but do not quit. Undoubtedly there are records recorded somewhere and the one answer you receive may bring the one fact that will justify the answers you did not receive. Authors have spent most of their lifetime in assisting genealogists and they write that one of the best ways to obtain information on your family is to correspond with other genealogists and in writing letters - A genealogical letter of inquiry must be:

1. Clean and attractive.
2. Courteous
3. Clear, that is use plain language.

4. Concise, that is brief
5. Helpful (itemize requests)
6. Be reasonable (don't ask for too much at one time)
7. Offer to share what genealogical information you have with those persons or individuals you request information.
- And lastly -
8. Plan your letter carefully.

Probably the best all time fact finding for genealogists are the Federal Census records for each state. A few often repeated facts about census records may be of help to you.

Since 1790 the Government of the United States has conducted a census every ten years. At first the census only required the name of the head of the family, while indicating the number of persons in the family; it now lists not only the complete name but also the age of each person, his address, and vocation or profession, and some other information. The 1790 census was taken in all of the seventeen states then existing. Since then each state, as it has been created, has been included in succeeding enumerations.

It should be known that no census ever taken is absolutely correct, either from the standpoint of the information recorded or the completeness of listing of all persons living at the time.

It is a Federal ruling that at least fifty years must elapse after the taking of a census before it is removed from the "confidential" list and made accessible to the public. The 1900 census is not yet available to the public, although it has been over sixty-five years since its enumeration.

Let us hope that the use of some of these suggested areas will straighten out that genealogical chart and will place all square pegs in square holes and all round pegs in round holes.

For final results one must continually dig for records. It has been written that the man who digs deepest into the archives of this historical past is most ready to live today and plan tomorrow. One would conclude that with such a researcher one would have only square pegs for square holes.

We find in the work in the Archives that genealogists can maneuver by themselves up to a certain point and then they need any assistance, or any clues that can be offered to them as to where they can at least search for records. Bearing this in mind I feel that any suggestions that could be passed on to you might benefit some, if not many.

In concluding I would like to tell about the most unusual genealogy chart I have ever seen. The chart is of the John V. Montague family. The making of the chart required twenty-five years, and measures about three feet by six feet. The chart is hand written and begins the lineage with Adam and Eve. Other family names listed in the chart, and through which lineage is traced, are Noah, Isaac, Jacob, Judah, King Lear, Charlemagne, the Virgin Mary, and with the Virgin Mary this branch of the family ends. Other continuing lines include Edward I of England, Edward Montague, First Earl of Sandwich - and here the Montague line begins.

There are six family crests, in color, that decorate the bottom of the chart. About six years ago this copyrighted chart was placed in the Archives and

genealogically speaking it has been a conversation piece every since.

Drop by the Archives sometime to see the chart and incidentally to see us. We will be privileged to serve you.

TUSCALOOSA COUNTY, ALABAMA WILLS

WITH REFERENCE TO LEGATEES LIVING IN TEXAS

Will Book 3, page 131, 1859

William J. Minter, of Tuscaloosa, Ala.

- Legatees: 1. Wincy Ann Foster, niece of my late beloved wife and adopted daughter, now wife of Charles M. Foster.
2. Sister Lidia A. Warren, the widow of Robert Warren of the County of Columbia of State of Arkansas.
 3. Children of my brother Peter Minter, deceased, who died in Hardeman County, Tenn.
 4. To my sister Ann McRennolds, wife of James McRennolds of Texas.
(also mentions Thomas B. Rennolds)

Executors: Charles M. Foster and wife Wincey Ann Foster

Witnesses: Henry McGonn, Sen.

William A. Cochran

Wm. R. Smith

Proved May 29, 1862.

Will Book 4, page 225 25 March, 1885

M. A. Durette:

Son: John H. Miller of Texas

Grandchildren: J. H. Lowe, Lulu M. Allen and Rosa Lee Jones
children of daughter Aura Lowe, deceased, lately of Texas.

Executors: John H. Miller of Texas

Chauncey Allen of Rockwall, Texas

Proved 30 June 1885, G. W. Van Hoose, Register, Acting Judge of Probate.

EARLY MARRIAGE RECORDS, DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

Marriage Book A - 1846-1849

Compiled by Mrs. J. R. Macdonald and Mrs. R. E. Dishman
from records at Dallas County Court House

In his "History of Dallas County" John Henry Brown gives the first marriage in Dallas County as that of Crawford Trees to Annie M. Kimmel, by W. H. Hord, J.P. in July, 1846, license being issued July 20, 1846. However the record was destroyed. It has also been noted that early marriage records of the County are incomplete.

Licenses were issued by the Clerk of the County Court or his Deputy and authorized any Minister of the Gospel, Chief Justice of the County, Justice of the Peace, Judge of any Court to perform the rites of matrimony.

- P. 30
of Records -
- George W. Cox and Mary Carver, August 30, 1846, by Joseph Key, M.G., Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. Co. Court, by Chas. H. Durgin, Dep.
 - John C. Cooke & Elvira Mays, Sept. 30, 1847, by John Thomas, Chief Justice. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. Co. Ct.
 - Henry Balsmier and Eliza Goodwin, Oct. 7, 1847 by Aron B. Wilson, J.P. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. Co. Ct. by Chas. H. Durgin
 - Thos. A. Mounts and Eveline Jane Harmison, Oct. 28, 1847, by Wm. Larnar, J.P. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
 - James Cates and Elvira Fay, Nov. 8, 1847 by Jas. A. Smith, M.G. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
 - William F. Stewart and Susan C. Harwood, Feb. 17, 1848, by Amon McCommas, M.G., Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin
 - Anderson Slayback and Lucinda Chapman, March 2, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin
 - James M. Baker and Ruth Forester, Feb. 17, 1848, by D. Myers, M.G. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
 - Edward W. Hunt and Adelia Janes Thomas, April 15, 1848, by James A. Smith, M.G. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
 - Joshua Barker and Sary Hart, April 20, 1848, by John Cole, Judge Probate. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
 - James Bruton and Nancy Edwards, April 30, 1848, by John Cole, Judge Probate. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
 - Thomas L. Chenoweth and Hannah Keenan, Nov. 1847 by D. Myers, M.G. by Wm. M. Cochran
 - John Henderson and Melvina Kimble, Nov. 25, 1847, by Wm. H. Hord, J.P. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by J. C. McCoy
 - D.R.S.C. Galloway and Jane Manning, Dec. 9, 1847, by Wm. Larnar, J.P. Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.

- . Alanson Dowdy and Rebecca Shelton, Jan. 28, 1848, by Wm. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
- . Job Badgeley and Liddie Marks, Feb. 6, 1848, by Amon McCommas, M. G.
Wm. M. Cochran Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
- . Wm. J. Snow and Sina Bruton, Jan. 20, 1848 by John Cole, Judge Probate.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk., Chas. H. Durgin, Dept. for Wm. M. Cochran
- . Geo. W. Cole and Nancy Monk, Feb. 5, 1848, by Wm. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. Chas. H. Durgin.
- . Washington Gunnels and Polly Sparks, May 4, 1848, by Amon McCommas, M.G.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
- . Abraham Hart and Elizabeth Ray, May 11, 1848, by John Cole, Judge Probate.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
- . Isaac Nelson Cobbs and Berilla Myers, May 14, 1848, by John Cole, Judge
Probate. License was re-issued (noted in red ink) to Isaac N. Coombs
and Berilla Myers, June 4, 1848, by Finis E. King, M.G. Filed by
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- . Wm. M. Robinson and Ann Matterson, May 14, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. Chas. H. Durgin.
- . John Lynch and Mahala Warner, May 14, 1848, by J. A. Freeman, M.G.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- . Elijah Rogers and Lavinia Crawley, May 30, 1848, by John A. Freeman, M.G.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- . John W. Keen and Nancy Turner, May 9, 1848, by J. H. Biggs, M.G.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- . Daniel W. Kenison and Mary Horn, June 12, 1848, by A. B. Wilson, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Durgin.
- . Peter Narboe and Jane Robinson, July 5, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- . J. M. Robinson and Louisa Newton, June 29, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Durgin.
- . Thomas Vernoy and Julia Ann Bast, June 25, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Durgin.
- . Thomas Stone and Elizabeth Ross, July 13, 1848, by W. H. Keen, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk, J. C. McCoy, Dept.
- . Wm. Billingsley and Arrena Kirkland, July 26, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
- . Wm. J. Boyd and Milburn Burnetta Baggett, July 31, 1848 by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.

- Richard Bruton and Elizabeth Cox, Aug. 3, 1848 by Chas. G. Newton, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- George W. Murray and Sarah Ann Farmer, June 11, 1848, by Eli Merrell, M. G.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- Ulysses Mathiesson and Josephine McDermott, Aug. 15, 1848, by W. H. Hord, J.P.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- John P. Lawrence and Fannie Coats, June 23, 1848, by Arthur Ledbetter, M. G.
Wm. M. Cochran, Clk.
- William Scroggins and Lucretia Stong, Aug. 14, 1848, by John A. Freeman, M.G.
J. W. Smith, Clk. Chas. H. Durgin
- Richard T. Bandy and Amelia A. Rawlins, Aug. 30, 1848, by Elder William
Rawlins, C. Ch. J. W. Smith, Clk. (in house of Wm. Rawlins)
- William Coombs and Rachel McDowell, Sept. 28, 1848, by W. H. Hord, Chief
Justice, J.W. Smith, Clk.
- T. C. Hawpe and Electa Ann Bethurum, May 31, 1848, by Arthur Ledbetter, M.G.
J.W. Smith, Clk. by Chas. H. Durgin.
- Joseph Cox and Narcissa Elam, Oct. 5, 1848, by Job Badgley, J.P.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- Wm. Cox and Mary Dike, Sept. 28, 1848 by James A. Smith, M.G. John W. Smith, Clk.
- James M. Patterson and Sarah Self, Oct. 5, 1848, by D. Myers, M.G.
J.W. Smith, Clk.
- William F. Twing and Frances Jane Rhodes, 3 Dec. 1848 by Carlos Wise, J.P.
John W. Smith, Clk. (at house of Mrs. Rhodes).
- John M. Rawlins and Polly M. Parks, at the home of M. Parks, Sept. 21, 1848 by
Wm. Rawlins, Elder C. Ch. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Levi Franklin and Nancy Rogers, Dec. 14, 1848, by John A. Freeman, M.G.
J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Perry Daken and Ann Rebecca Walker, Nov. 23, 1848 by Jas. A. Smith, M.G.
J.W. Smith, Clk.
- Daniel E. Morton, & Margaret E. Stong, Dec. 5, 1848, by Jno. A. Freeman, M.G.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- William D. Barnz and Talitha C. Smith, Jan. 14, 1849 by D. Myers, M.G.
J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Thomas A. Campbell and Margaret A. Coombs at home of William Coombs, by
Elder Wm. Rawlins, C. Ch. J. W. Smith, Clk. 31 Jan. 1849
- George Markham and Hanna Cox, Feb. 7, 1849, by Job Badgley, J.P. Jno. W. Smith, Clk.

- Jno. H. Mooreman and Susan A. Hickman, Jan. 18, 1849, by W. H. Hord, Chief Justice. J. W. Smith, Clk.
- James B. Bryan and Elizabeth Harter, Feb. 18, 1849, by W. H. Hord, Chief Justice. J. W. Smith, Clk.
- James J. Beeman and Catharine Napper, Jan. 11, 1849, by Job Badgley, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk. J. L. Sampson.
- John W. Nations and Dorcas Baugh, March 1, 1849, by Wm. M. Lenard, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk.
- G.S.C. Lenard and Thomas E. Crutchfield, Feb. 29, 1849, by W. H. Hord, Chief Justice. John W. Smith, Clk.
- John Horton and Elizabeth M. Hopkins, April 3, 1849 by Finis E. King, C.P.Ch. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Josiah Pancoast (Pancast) and Mary Ann Young, March 13, 1849 by William M. Lenard, J.P. J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Benjamin Mathews and Menerva Smith, March 29, 1849, by D. Myers, M.G. J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Anthony Bledsoe and Martha Huett, March 11, 1849 by Hiram Bennett, J.P. J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Benjamin F. Bethurum and Nancy P. Elam, March 14, 1849 by Job Badgley, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk.
- William D. Conner and Nancy Fikes, March 13, 1849, by John W. Freeman, M.G. John M. Crockett, Dpty. Clk.
- Henry Hickman and Elizabeth Newton, March 30, 1849, by W. H. Hord, Chief Justice. John W. Smith, Clk.
- John McCommas and Missouri Tucker, May 10, 1849, by J. A. Cope, M.C. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Horace Burnham and Malinda (Matilda) Cole, Oct. 4, 1849 by Hiram Bennett, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk.
- John Skeen and Olive Saphronia Merrell, July 12, 1839 by A. Keen, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Wm. A. Pruett and Elizabeth Freeman, Oct. 3, 1849 by Thomas D. Coats, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Jno. H. Daniels and Rebecca Ray, Dec. 6, 1849 by Jas. A. Smith, M.G. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Wm. Chenault and Ruth Ann Jackson, Dec. 19, 1849 by Jas. A. Smith, J.P. John W. Smith, Clk.
- Harvey Cox and Emily Elam, Dec. 29, 1849 by Job Badgley, J.P. A. Harwood, Deputy John W. Smith, Clk.

- Richard Croley and Almada Leake, Dec. 28, 1849, by John A. Freeman, M.G.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- James Jackson and Diana Jane Davis, Dec. 10, 1849 or Jan. 10, 1850
A. Harwood, Deputy
- Benjamin F. Crowley and Edna Leake, April 19, 1849 by John A. Freeman, M.G.
A. Harwood, Deputy
- Edward C. Browder and Elizabeth Coaps, Sept. 26, 1849, by J. W. Smith
A. Harwood, Deputy
- A. J. Clark and Sarah Myers, April 30, 1849 by D. Meyers, M.G.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- Norvil Winniford and Malinda Guor, at house of J. Guor June 21, 1849 by
Carlos Wise, J.P.
- Isaac Beeman and Hannah Bethurum, May 30, 1848, by Hiram Bennett, J.P.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- William L. Coombs and Elizabeth J. Evans, June 14, 1849 by William M. Lenard,
J.P., John W. Smith, Clk.
- Benj. L. Moore and Martha Weatherford, May 3, 1849 by Carlos Wise, J.P.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- J. Hanby and Susan Smith, May 17, 1849 by W. H. Hord, Chief Justice
John W. Smith, Clk.
- Wm. A. Trimble and Alanda Turner, June 28, 1849, by I. English, M.G.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- John Evans and Elmira Christa, June 17, 1849 at house of Wm. Rawlins by
Wm. Rawlins Elder, C.Ch., John W. Smith, Clk.
- Arthur Ledbetter and Elizabeth Pearson, Aug. 13, 1849 by Wm. M. Lenard, J.P.
John W. Smith, Clk.
- Alfred J. Parks and Lydia Adaline Rawlins, on evening of Aug. 9, 1849 at home
of Wm. Rawlins, Sr. by Wm. Rawlins, Sr. by Wm. Rawlins, Jr. Elder of
C. Ch., J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Jno. W. Smith and Sarah Ann Wilburn, Aug. 9, 1849 by a Minister of the M.E.
Church, So. J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Zur Coombs and Sarah Evans, Sept. 27, 1849 at house of J. Evans, by Carlos
Wise, J.P., J. W. Smith, Clk.
- Edward C. Browder and Elizabeth Coaps, Sept. 26, 1849 by Jas. A. Smith, M.G.
J. W. Smith, Clk.

FISH TRAP CEMETERY

Located in vicinity called Fishtrap in the early days.
Many graves not marked.

Cooper, J. M., May 9, 1828 - Aug. 7, 1894
Deloney, M. F., 1876 - 1908
Henry Adelaide Florence, Mar. 14, 1817 - Aug. 26, 1858
Henry, Margaret, June 18, 1823 - May 9, 1887
Hyland, Henry F., b. Groveland, N.Y., 1834 - d. illegible
Krause, Samuel, Co. F, 359th Inf., d. Cues, Germany
Remond, Emile, b. France, Aug. 2, 1840 - May 21, 1906
Remond, Cesarine, b. France 1836 - 1923
Reverchon, J., 1836 - 1905
Reverchon, Marie A., 1842 - 1901
Reverchon, Michel J., May 31, 1865 - June 22, 1884
Reverchon, Maxis, Apr. 28, 1867 - Dec. 9, 1884
Santerre, Francois, b. France, Mar. 16, 1809 - d. Dec. 9, 1889
Santerre, Marie, b. France, Dec. 16, 1816 - Feb. 2, 1892.

GLOVER FAMILY CEMETERY
Southeast Dallas

Badgley, Nathan, Nov. 1, 1821 - Sept. 25, 1887
Beeman, Mary Jane, Mar. 28, 1832 - Aug. 2, 1857
Garrett, James, Dec. 25, 1803 - May 7, 1873
Garrett, Sarah J., wife of L.G., Aug. 21, 1851 - Dec. 23, 1881
Glover, Wm. G., Co.A, Griffin's Bn. Texas Inf., C.S.A.
Glover, Minnie, dau. of J.E. & M., 1874 - 1875
Gracey, Sarah Ann, wife of J. G., July 25, 1859 - July 11, 1885
Hunnicut, W. C., Dec. 6, 1818 - Sept. 18, 1888
Hunnicut, Nancy B., Sept. 17, 1821 - June 11, 1914
Hunnicut, Millie, A., Oct. 27, 1851 - Feb. 2, 1884
Lagow, Richard, Dec. 16, 1841 - June 23, 1885
Lagow, Nancy, wife of Richard 1843 - 1887
Lagow, Little Edgar, son of S. & A., 1881 - 1882
Meredith, Younger, Dec. 4, 1822 - June 1, 1881
Meredith, Catherine, wife of Younger, 1826 - 1905
Moore, Ann, Aug. 17, 1802 - Nov. 5, 1879
Stratton, Georgia Ann, wife of T. J., Mar. 18, 1832 - Dec. 4, 1866
Williams, Martha, wife of J. H., Oct. 25, 1835 - Apr. 5, 1881

WILL OF JONATHAN HUNT, N. C. 1782 BROUGHT TO LIGHT
FROM A CLIPPING DATED MARCH 29, 1929, ELKIN, N. C.
FURNISHED BY MRS. R. W. McKELLAR, A DESCENDANT

ANCIENT WILL FOUND IN ELKIN
LAST TESTAMENT OF JONATHAN HUNT IS A UNIQUE DOCUMENT

Elkin - An interesting old relic of the Revolutionary War period of American history in the form of a document, recently brought to light by a direct descendant of Col. Jonathan Hunt, valiant officer of the Revolution and close personal friend of George Washington at the time he was commander-in-chief of the American Army is one of many quaint possessions passed down through the generations of the famous old family.

Jonathan Hunt was born in New Jersey in 1737. At the age of forty-five, while residing in Rowan County he wrote the quaint document, giving instructions as to the division of his possessions at death.

Later in life Colonel Hunt moved to Yadkin County near the site of the historic old town of Jonesville, and his body now lies sleeping in an unmarked grave like scores of his fellow soldiers, in old Jonesville Cemetery.

His death occurred in October, 1813. Several sons of the distinguished officer also sleep beneath the sod in this ancient burial ground.

Direct descendants of Col. Hunt in Elkin are the George, Franklin and Chatham families and a granddaughter, Mrs. R. L. Lovelace.

The copy of the will and testament of Jonathan Hunt reads as follows:

"In the name of God, Amen: I, Jonathan Hunt of the County of Rowan, and the State of North Carolina, being very weak in body, but of perfect mind and memory, thanks be unto God; calling into mind the mortality of my body, and knowing that it is appointed for all men once to die. I do on this Eighteenth Day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and Eighty-two, make and ordain this my last Will and Testament. That is, to say principally and first of all, I give and recommend my soul into the hands of God who gave all and my body, I recommend it to the earth to be buried in a Christian like and decent manner, at the discretion of my Executors, nothing doubting but at the General Resurrection I shall receive that same by the mighty power of God, and as touching such worldly Estates, wherewith it has pleased God to bless me with in this life, I give divide and dispose of the same in manner and form, following, that is to say,

In the first place, I give and bequeath to Margaret, my dearly beloved wife, one-third part of my movable Estate, also her bed and furniture, and Sorreled Mare, a sufficient part of privilege of the plantation, whilst she remain my widow.

Item: - I give and bequeath to my beloved sons, Andrew Hunt, Charles Hunt, Wilson Hunt, Levi Hunt and George Hunt, one entry of land, containing four hundred acres, lying at the mouth of Ebbitts Creek, and my right of land at Kentuckers, to be equally divided amongst the six.

Item: - I give and bequeath to John Hunt, my beloved son two hundred acres of land run off the upper entry adjoining the plantation I live on and joining Charles, James, Wilson, and James Forbigs lines.

Item: - I give and bequeath to my beloved sons, Daniel Hunt, Gersham Hunt, Enoch Hunt and Noah Hunt the plantation I now live on, with the remainder of

that four hundred acres Entry which John gets his of, to be divided amongst the four, as equally as may be.

Item:- I give and bequeath to Daniel Hunt, my son, a certain bay English Mare, that he has called his; I also give and bequeath to my son Gersham Hunt a certain two-year-old philly that he calls his; I give and bequeath to my son Enoch Hunt, a certain mare called Pall, and her colt, I give to my son Noah Hunt. I give and bequeath to my daughter, Elizabeth, the Sorrel horse with the bald face, and one cow and calf, I give and bequeath to my daughters, Catherine Hunt, Susannah Hunt and Mariarey Hunt, each of them a feather bed, with furniture sufficient.

Item:- I give and bequeath to my son George Hunt, one cow and calf. The remainder of the cow kind, sheep and hogs and the crop that is in the ground to be left for the suport of my family under my present care.

Item:- I give and bequeath to my sons, Andrew Hunt, Charles Hunt, and Wilson Hunt my negro fellow named Nedd, if ever got. The Negroes London and Toney to be left with my wife and children until the family is raised or as long as she continues my widow, then sold and equally divided amongst all my children. The wagons and two horses to be left on the plantation for the use of my family. The household furniture to be left in care with my wife as long as she remains my widow, then to be equally divided between her and all my daughters. Likewise my will is, that after my decease, all my stock after legacies is paid, to be sold, and to be equally divided between my wife and children.

I do hereby constitute and appoint the Rev. Mr. William Hill and my sons, Andrew and Charles the whole and sole Executors in this my last Will and Testament - Revoking all other whatsoever, ratifying and confirming to be my last Will and Testament. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal, that day and year above written.

Signed, sealed, pronounced in the presence of us:
Ebenezer Frost, David Crawford, Elizabeth Crawford; June 19, 1782.
Signed, Jonathan Hunt, Seal.

REV. DAVID MYERS AND HIS SON REV. JOHN M. MYERS

ORGANIZERS OF THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH IN

DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

by Mrs. Pearl Foster O'Donnell

The organization of the Lonesome Dove Baptist Church, Navarro County, Texas - now Tarrant, was followed on May 10, 1846 with the organization of Union Baptist Church, Dallas County. Elder David Myers, lived near Farmer's Branch, with the assistance of Deacon J. B. Lee, J. M. Myers, Margaret Ann Myers, Letecia "Reddish" Myers, wife of David Myers, and Franklin Bowles organized the Union Baptist Church.

Obituary from the Elm Fork Baptist Assoc. Minutes of 1854 and Vol. 2 Texas Historical and Biog. Magazine page 373.

Elder DAVID MYERS deceased 9 March 1853, born 15 October 1797. He made a profession of religion in the state of Kentucky at age 25. In 1827 he removed to Indiana for two or three years, and then to Mt. Pleasant Church in Illinois in 1829. Later, he removed to Green County and Mt. Zion United Baptist where he obtained liberty to preach. He was ordained in 1843 by Elders H. H. WITT & John Brown. Elder Myers emigrated to Texas in December 1845, and then on to Dallas County in the spring of 1846, where he organized the Union Baptist Church. He was pastor of Union Church at the time of his death. The Union Church was organized in May 1846 where Carrollton, Texas now stands. His son, Elder J. M. Myers was born November 17, 1823 in Grayson County, Kentucky. He married in 1843, Miss Kizia Wiley. The wife of Elder David Myers was the former Leticia Reddish.

Note by O'D. Reference - Baptist Seminary, Fort Worth, Texas records:
Minutes of the Elm Fork Baptist Assoc.
Minutes of the Lonesome Dove Baptist Church and Baptist Women of Texas

Rev. John M. Myers was ordained October 1849 by Rev. John Allen Freeman pastor of Lonesome Dove Bapt. Church and his father, Rev. David Myers. The 1st meeting of the Elm Fork Baptist Association was held at the Lonesome Dove Baptist Church, Navarro County, Texas.

Delegates from Union Baptist Church, Dallas County, were David Myers, John Myers, Eli Witt, Weston Perry, Joshua B. Lee, John Nix and Noah Good. 45 members were reported.

Pioneers of Dallas & Tarrant County, as of today, were not aware of county lines. The present Grapevine settlement when made in 1845 received their mail from the Peter's Colony headquarters in Dallas County. Prior to 1845, many lived close to the headquarters because of Indian deprivations. Probably the larger settlement of these people was at Farmer's Branch or White Rock. More people lived there than in present Dallas.

Rev. David Myers was appointed co-pastor with Rev. John A. Freeman in 1847 of the Lonesome Dove Baptist Church after the resignation in November 1846 of their 1st pastor Rev. J. Hodges. Rev. John A. Freeman was a very young man and had been ordained by Lonesome Dove in June 1846. These two churches of Dallas & present Tarrant counties provided all of the Baptist preachers for the "desstitute" areas. Rev. Jehu Fike assisted and was a pastor at Union who assisted and preached in many Denton and present Tarrant areas while assisting in the organization of Baptist churches. /desstitute meant no ministers of God/

The above research had when writing my publications "Trek To Texas" & History of the Lonesome Dove Baptist Church.

LEARNING TO BE A BETTER GENEALOGIST
AT THE INSTITUTE OF GENEALOGY

By Mrs. A. E. Lush

(Copy of a talk given by Mrs. Lush at the April meeting of
The Local History & Genealogical Society, Dallas, Texas)

In June of 1969 I had, without a doubt, the most stimulating week in my genealogical experience, when I attended the Eighth Institute of Genealogy at Samford University in Birmingham, Alabama.

Like so many others, I had approached my genealogical research in a somewhat carefree and casual manner. Not that I hadn't spent endless hours reading microfilm, spent countless dollars on postage, forms and publications, and attended (even conducted) innumerable workshops and programs -- but it was not until that week at Samford that I recognized the importance, or better yet the necessity, of each individual doing responsible research.

I had first heard about the Institute in 1967. In 1968 my schedule was such that I was unable to attend, so early in 1969 I put the wheels in motion to assure my being able to have the week of the Institute free.

Even with the knowledge that the Institute was sponsored by a university of scholastic excellence and that the faculty included such distinguished names as Dr. Ken Stryker-Rodda, Mr. Milton Rubincam, Mr. John I. Coddington and Mrs. Virginia Livingston, I arrived at the Institute unprepared for the exacting schedule and the high standards that were maintained throughout the entire week.

Before discussing the activities of the week, perhaps I should comment on the method by which participants in the Institute are accepted and assigned to study courses.

First, one makes application for admission and included in this application is a resume of the research work he has done, the areas in which he has worked, any material he has published and any other genealogical activities in which he has participated, such as workshops, society research projects, etc.

The curriculum of the Institute is divided into three sections, designated as Genealogy I, II and III. Before the Institute begins, the faculty meets and reviews the applications and, based on their appraisal of the applicant's experience, he is assigned to one of the sections. This decision is not inflexible, however. For example, if the faculty determines that you are qualified for Genealogy III but you have requested Genealogy I or II, perhaps because of the subjects to be covered in those sections, your request will be considered. Anyone whose application for admission is accepted will, of course, be eligible to participate in Genealogy I.

Let me mention here that Genealogy I is not a course for a real beginner in genealogy. My assessment is that a real beginner would be lost after about the first half hour -- primarily because of a beginner's lack of a basic knowledge of genealogical research and because of the pace of the course.

Speaking of the pace -- the cadence is pretty fast. Classes begin each morning at nine o'clock sharp and for two of the five days they continue to 9:00 P.M., with a 1-1/2 hour break for lunch and a 2 hour break for dinner. Each lecture period lasts for 1 hour and 20 minutes, with a ten minute break between lectures.

If you have been away from the classroom atmosphere for very long or have not been accustomed to taking comprehensive notes, this can really put you in a mental strain the first day or so. I remember remarking when I returned to the dormitory the first evening that I knew how a supersaturated sponge must feel.

In view of the heavy schedule during the week of the Institute, I would recommend that anyone travelling from this distance should plan to arrive at the campus no later than Sunday afternoon. This is to allow time to get unpacked and settled in your room and to get a good night's rest. This will certainly pay dividends when the activities of the week begin. The University dining room is not open on Sunday evening but there will be others in the dormitory getting groups together to go out to eat.

All of the class sessions are held on the third floor of the University Library, utilizing in particular the Special Collection reading room, the Map and Art room and the Graduate Reading Room. As a participant in the Institute, all library facilities are available to you, and microfilming and photocopying facilities are available at very reasonable prices.

On the first day of the Institute, Monday, registration is from 8:00 to 9:00 AM. The first session begins at 9:30 with all participants meeting in joint session. After the customary welcome and introduction of the faculty and staff, the rules and regulations of the Institute are covered, and they are basically as follows:

1. All class sessions will start promptly as scheduled. Students are expected to be in their seats and ready for work when class begins.
2. Attendance will be recorded at every class.
3. Questions from students will be allowed only during question periods designated by the instructor and then only if phrased in the framework of a general genealogical problem. No questions are to be presented regarding individual family research.

During the mid-morning and mid-afternoon breaks each day, coffee and some kind of cool drink are served by the library staff in the foyer of the third floor. This makes for a pleasant change of pace for a few minutes, and gives one a chance to relax both his mental and writing muscles.

For those who want to use part of their lunch or dinner period for research, or who want to include a couple of extra days stay at the University, the Library at Samford has a wealth of information. Of particular interest to genealogists are (1) the Special Collections which emphasize Alabama history and biography, (2) Baptist history and biography and (3) the Albert E. Casey Collection of Irish genealogical sources. The Library's collection of more than 225,000 manuscripts includes some family papers and there is an additional resource in the 700,000 pages of microfilm source materials.

The outstanding genealogical and historical collections of the Birmingham Public Library are available to participants in the Institute but, unfortunately, they close at 6:00 PM each day and are not open on Saturday or Sunday.

One of the most valuable finds for me at the Samford Library was their map collection. I was fortunate in being able to get copies made of some of these and now have them in my own files to use when I need to consult them.

No discussion of the Library would be complete without mention of the staff. From Mr. Helmbold, the Librarian for the University, down to the student helpers, an atmosphere of friendliness, helpfulness and courtesy prevails at all times, and Mrs. Bee, who is in charge of the Special Collections, endeared herself to each and every participant in the Institute.

Of the enrollment of 64 in the 1969 Institute, 51 successfully completed the course and received certificates. While the greater number of the students were Alabamians, there were participants from Mississippi, Oklahoma, Texas, Missouri, Florida, Tennessee and Maryland. No small part of the inspiration and enrichment of the Institute was the association with these other students and with the faculty. This was especially true in the evenings in the dormitory.

It has become somewhat of a tradition for those staying in the dormitory, including some of the faculty, to gather in the lobby before bedtime to exchange ideas and information and discuss the activities of the day. This is a very practical arrangement because it cuts down on gatherings in individual rooms which might disturb others who wish to study, read or retire early.

Due to the full schedule of the Institute, staying in the dormitory is not only the most economical but the most practical thing to do. While somewhat spartan, the accommodations are clean and comfortable, offering private rooms with bath and air-conditioning. There is also a laundry room available and an alcove with cold drink and snack machines. Cost for lodging is \$3.00 per night and meals are available in the University dining room.

Samford University is the largest privately supported and fully accredited four-year co-educational institution of higher learning in Alabama. It was chartered in 1841 and was operated as Howard College until 1965 when it was officially recognized as a university by the Alabama Baptist State Convention, which owns and generously supports the school. The university retains the name of Howard for its College of Arts and Sciences. It also encompasses the Cumberland School of Law and nationally recognized Schools of Business, Education and Pharmacy.

In 1957 the school moved to its present 400 acre campus which is located some six miles from downtown Birmingham in the picturesque mountainous area of Shades Valley. In 1969 they had completed 21 of the 31 planned Georgian-Colonial buildings and construction was near completion on No. 22, the Business Administration Building. The entire building program has been accomplished with private funds.

For any of you who are not partial to walking uphill or climbing steps, I recommend that you have a car available on campus as the buildings are on rather steep grades, and each street on the campus is one or two stories higher than the next. This, combined with the warm weather and humidity, can cause considerable inconvenience and discomfort.

The total cost of attending the Institute can range from about \$130.00 if you travel from Dallas by bus, stay in the dormitory and eat all meals on campus, to around \$250.00 if you travel by air and prefer commercial lodging. I travelled by car, stopping overnight in Vicksburg, Mississippi, each way and stayed on campus and my cost was around \$160.00. For those who don't mind long hours of driving, the 625 mile trip could be made in one day, thus reducing this cost by about \$25.00 or \$30.00. Sharing the trip with one or two others could

reduce this considerably more. Whatever the number of dollars expended, it is one of the best investments you can make if you are genuinely interested in genealogical research.

Unquestionably the greatest benefit I received from attending the Institute was the motivation to be a better, more responsible, researcher.

In hope that I might transmit some of this positive attitude to you, I ask you these questions:

1. What steps are you taking to improve your research skills?
2. Have you learned to use the new research materials and techniques available?
3. How often do you review your research notes and your records in view of additional material you have received or additional methods of research you have developed?
4. Have you acquired the skill of being objective and critical of information you receive?
5. Could you, if necessary, prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the information you have put in your records is true and accurate?

If the answer to any or all of these questions is "no", then I dare to suggest that you make a reappraisal of the kind of genealogical research you are doing. Be completely honest with yourself and question whether the work you have done is really as good as it might be, whether your records are sufficiently well organized and clear that someone else could continue the work you have started and, most of all, whether your records could stand the test of examination by another qualified genealogist.

For all the time and energy we spend in searching for information, for all the disappointments and frustrations we experience in our searching, it seems such a waste for an individual to do anything less.

NINTH INSTITUTE OF GENEALOGY
SAMFORD UNIVERSITY
Birmingham, Ala.

June 22-26, 1970

For a brochure and application, write to:

Mr. F. W. Helmbold
Samford University Library
800 Lakeshore Drive
Birmingham, Alabama 35209

Registration and tuition will cost \$40.00 for one week (plus \$10.00 additional if academic credit is desired.) Housing will be available on campus for \$4.90 per day, including three meals a day at the University Dining Room.

If you wish to receive one semester hour of academic credit (graduate or undergraduate) in history, you must make necessary arrangements with the Registrar's office of the University.

THE DALLAS HERALD
(Issue of June 14, 1856)

Bexar Co.

W. R. Blair, Capt., Com. Sab., Dept. of Texas, advertises from San Antonio to buy food for the troops.

Dallas Co.

Church Services

The Rev. George Rottenstein of the Episcopal church will have divine service at the old store house of Smith and Patterson on Sunday morning.

Rev. Alexander Hinkle preaches at the Masonic Hall in Dallas on the 1st Sunday of every month.

Rev. A. M. Dean will preach at the Masonic Hall in Dallas on the 2nd Lord's Day of every month.

Rev. James A. Smith, will preach at the Masonic Hall in Dallas on the 3rd Sunday of every month.

Rev. Wm. H. Hughes will preach at the Masonic Hall in Dallas on the 4th Sunday of every month.

Rev. Mr. Taylor will preach at the Masonic Hall in Dallas on the 5th Sunday of every month.

Married on June 10th 1856 by the Rev. Geo. Rottenstein, Mr. Wm. G. Fisher and Mrs. Sarah Lander, both of Dallas.

Lost-the unconditional Headright Certificate #1, 4th class, issued by the County Court of Hunt Co., Aug. 1855 to Wm. Harris for 320 acres of land. (Signed) A. Harwood.

A. Cockrell has removed his Steam Circular Saw Mill to the mouth of Mill Creek half a mile below the town of Dallas.

Whereas Alexander Cockrell has filed his petition in this Court representing that on 16 March 1850, James Sharrock and Ruth Sharrock his wife executed and delivered to him and John B. Robinson a bond for title to the following described land... and they have not made title to the same...praying that title be vested in him.

Whereas David Davis and Nancy B. Davis, his wife, have filed their petition in this Court representing that Nancy B. Davis and Furney F. and James M. Green are heirs at law of F. F. Green and that as such they hold the bond of Archibald D. Brown for 289 4-10 acres...that Archibald D. has failed to make title to said land and praying that his title be divested and vested in Nancy B., Furney F., and James M. and for costs and general relief.

Estray Notices from Dallas Co.

Animal taken by M. K. Selvidge, and estrayed before T. C. Hawpe, J.P.

Animal taken up by C. H. Patrick and estrayed before J. Porter, J.P.

Animal taken up by J. W. Lane, estrayed before S. P. Montgomery, J.P. and appraised by George Robertson and L. D. Hayes.

Dallas Co. (cont'd.)

Lost Peter's (?) Colony Certificate #440, Vol. I, issued to John Langley by Thomas Wm. Ward on 18 Nov. 1850 for 640 acres of land. (Signed) W. W. Wheat.

Ellis Co. - Estray Notices

Animal taken up by George Hatcher and estrayed before Thos. R. Coffey
Animal taken up by Wm. T. Patton and estrayed before Thos. R. Coffey, J.P.

Parker Co.

Citizens of Parker Co. met at the home of J. J. Beeman on 4 June 1856 to take the sense of the citizens on the subject of Internal Improvements. Lemuel T. Shepherd was called to the chair and Wm. M. Green was appointed Secretary.

Upon the motion of D. O. Norton, the Hon. Nat M. Burford was requested to explain the reason for the meetings.

Col. John C. Easton of McKinney entertained the meeting. (It is not clear what he did but he entertained them in the sense that he performed for them.)

Committee of five appointed: D. O. Norton, John Marlock, J. J. Beeman, John P. Cole and Lewellyn Murphy.

Tarrant Co.

At Probate Court, regular term, March 1856, James H. Hughes was appointed Administrator of the estate of Thomas D. Woodward, deceased.

Animal taken up and estrayed before Wm. Evans.

THE DALLAS HERALD
(Issue of 22 June 1856)

Calhoun Co.

Vote solicited for Fletcher S. Stockdale, Esq. for county clerk. An accomplished scholar and gentleman, a fine reader, a beautiful and rapid gentleman, a man of order and system - he cannot fail to give the highest satisfaction."

Dallas Co.

Animal taken up and estrayed by Wade H. Witt, J.P. and appraised by Ben Merrill.

Ellis Co.

A Railroad meeting was held in Ellis Co. 17 June 1856. John H. Singleton was called to the chair. R. P. Sweatt was appointed Secretary. On the motion of A. Bradshaw, Gen. J. J. Good explained object of the meeting.

On motion of J. W. Berry, resolutions were adopted. The following delegates were elected to a Railroad convention in Dallas: Gen. E.H. Tarrant, J.W. Berry, J.W. Ferris, A ? Bradshaw and J. E. Hawkins.

Edward H. Tarrant and J. ? Hawkins, attorneys at law, Waxachachie, Ellis, Co.

Tarrant Co.

Everybody invited to a Fourth of July Barbeque by the Ft. Worth citizens at the Cold Springs. An oration together with the usual ceremonies may be expected. (Signed) Nat Terry, E. M. Daggett, H. E. Coleman and C. M. Peak.

Animal taken up by Peter K. Matthews, appraised by H. Bennett and Napoleon Oldham before B. F. Andrews, J. P.

(Read on micro-film in The Texas History and Genealogy Department at the Dallas Public Library.)

SURNAME QUERY INDEX-GENEALOGY DEPARTMENT, DALLAS PUBLIC LIBRARY
DALLAS, TEXAS

GIBBS

Phillip. Warren County, Georgia. 1790. Would like to know place and date of birth. Also parentage. (Staley W. Mims, 103 Lazy Lane, Crockett, Texas 75835)

GIBSON

Harry Eugene. 1897-? Born in Ky.? Wife: Nellie Wheete (?) Gibson, 1907-? Last known address: 500½ S. 5th St., St. Louis, Mo. in 1924. Moved? Possible contemporary relatives ages 30 to 40. Morrell Eugene Gibson, James Eugene Gibson. Would like to find living relative of either Harry E. Gibson or Nellie W. Gibson or birthplace. (Mr. John Ross, 4828 Harper Dr., Mesquite, Texas).

GIBSON

S. C., Miss. prior to 1820. Want data on John Wilson Gibson, wife-Ann Caroline. Who were his parents? Where was he born? Who was wife? Ann b. S.C. 1785 m. second Robert Saunders ab. Dec. 1820. He was made guardian of all minor children - John Wilson; Polly m. Elephalet Roan; George Washington m. Martha Ann Covington; Elizabeth m. Richard Henderson; Ann Caroline married Hiram Goza. (Mrs. John T. Watkins, P.O. Box 23, Hammond, Louisiana.)

GIBSON

Robert. Tishomingo Co., Miss. 1846-1870's, Madison Co., Ala. Ch.: John M., Jarret W., Martin S., Albert H., Martha Elizabeth (twin), Nancy C., Sarah J. (twin), James R., Louisa M., Mary A., Twin sons names unknown, William F. Lived in Madison Co. 1827-1844. Wife: Maria Walker, m. 1836 Madison Co., Ala. (Roy E. Gibson, 3709 Linden Ave., Fort Worth, Texas 76107)

GIDEON (Giddens, Giddings)

William-Son of Capt. Francis and wife Elizabeth Hopkins. m. Mary Elizabeth Grady of Franklin or Jackson Co., Ga. Served in War of 1812. Like to exchange data of above. Dau. m. Ambrose Kennedy. Dau. Sussannah m. Edward Harrison Rev. Sol. as his third wife, a son John. Were there other children? (Mrs. Stephen C. Moon, 431 Candler Street, Gainesville, Georgia.)

GILBERT

Stephen, John Hale, Abel Pennington. Anson Co., N.C., Miss., Texas, 1776-1902. (Faye Courreges, 511 Cannon Drive, Euless, Texas, BU3-3138)

GILBERT

John m. E. Alston in Tenn. d. Miss. ch: Elizabeth, Frances. (Mrs. W. W. McCreary) 2017 Monaco, Arlington, Texas CR5-3430)

GILDER (Guilder)

Jacob. Newberry Dist. S.C. b. ab. 1750, d. ab. 1786. Revolutionary Soldier-S.C. Militia before and since the reduction of Charleston. Reference: Vol. 2815 No. 487, Ek. J.P. 140. "Original Index Book Showing Revolutionary Claims in South Carolina" by Janie Revill. Jacob Guilder (Gilder) m. Frances Sheppard ab. 1773. Issue: Preston Gilder b. 4-21-1774 m. Mary Culpepper. Sally Gilder b. ab. 1777 m. James Dodgen. Jane Gilder b. ab. 1779 m. Eli Dodgen. (Mrs. William M. Beck, 7831 Stanford Street, Dallas 25, Texas, EM1-5331).

GILL

Peter, Jr. b. ca 1745-55 m. Frances d. 4-2-1781. Son of Peter Sr. of Chesterfield Co., Va. Grandson of Joseph m. Elizabeth of Bristol Parish, Henrico Co., Va. Father m. 2nd Ann Thursby. (Mrs. J.E.Davis, 3334 Vista del Arroyo, San Angelo, Texas 76901).

GILL

John m. Catherine Parriedere who settled in Maryland from France. She was French Huguenot. John settled in Md. from Eng. Both settled in Charles Co. in the early 18th Century. Son Robert Gill, Sr. m. Lydia Musgrave Nov. 19, 1749-Register of Trinity Parish Church, Charles Co., Md. Robert b. 17__ d. 1788 left will probated May 19, 1778; Moved from Md. to Loudon Co. Va. after 1759. Ch.: Henry Gill never m. living Mason Co., Ky., in 1834; Robert Jr. b. 17__ d. 1778; Charles b. Feb. 25, 1759 d. May 21, 1836 m. Rebecca Steven Dec. 25, 1780 (my lineage); Eleanor m. Henry Lyons, Jr.; Mary b. Mar. 6, 1753 m. Zachariah Lyons, Charles Co. Md.; Elizabeth M. __ Lyons; Catherine never m., Chloe m. __ Gibbons; Lydia m. a Wood died a widow July 1, 1836. Charity m. __ Barker; Sussanna never m.

Interested in further info. on the above mentioned families. Robert had a brother Samuel but don't have any data on him, do you? Want info. on Catherine Parriedere parents? (Mrs. Lota Gill Jeffery, 149 South Redwood Dr., Stillwater, Okla. 74074)

GILL

Charles b. Feb. 25, 1758/59 lived in Loudon Co., Va. moved 1798 to Bedford Co., Va. m. Rebecca Jane Stevens Dec. 25, 1780. d. May 21, 1836. Wife b. Dec. 25, 1760 d. July 8, 1833. Who were Rebecca Jane Stevens' parents? Charles 7 sons were: Alexander b. Oct. 13, 1781 d. 9-3-1868, Robert b. Feb. 22, 1783 d. childhood, George b. April 1784 d. childhood. Harrison Musgrave (my lineal family) b. June 17, 1786 moved Adair, Ky. ca 1820-25 d. Apr. 8, 1858. Hizikiah b. August 17, 1787 lived in Franklin Co., Va. m. Dolly Graves lost at sea 1814 cargo to So. Am. Charles Wood, b. May 16, 1798. Henry Stevens b. Feb. 18, 1797. Charles Daus.: Sally (Sarah) b. 9-12-1788 m. Col. Armistead Otey (1777-1866) Cavalry Officer War of 1812. Katherian Parridiere b. 8-16-1790 m. Wiley Jones moved to N.C. ca 181 to Tenn. 1825, to Ga., 1840 Pincryneville, Geunnet Co., Ga.; Jane b. June 18, 1792 no further record available. Nancy b. 9-23-1793 d. childhood. Nancy Stevens b. Feb. 18, 1747 Mary Clark b. Nov. 30, 1799 m. Benjamin Rives, son of Robert and Martha of Dinwiddie Co., m. Jan. 22, 1811. Rebecca b. April 22, 1795 m. Mack Wainwright - one child Angeline. Also m. Capt. J. H. Otey. (Mrs. Lota Gill Jeffery, 149 So. Redwood Dr., Stillwater, Okla. 74074)

GILL

Harrison Musgrave b. 1786 Bedford Co., Va. m. Clara Rives b. 1788 d. 18__ m. Dec. 21, 1808 Dinwiddie Co., Va. moved to Adair Co., Ky. ca 1822 d. 1858. Want info. on Robert Rives b. Apr. 17, 1810 m. Isabella Eliz. Atkins Jan. 4, 1833 lived Robertson Co., Tenn. Charles Alexander b. Apr. 5, 1812 m. Ellen Diddle living in Columbia, Ky. ch.: Eliz Jane m. __ Coleman lived Van Buren, Ark. Robert Harrison Bailey b. Jan. 1, 1832; Benjamin Hardaway b. Aug. 1, 1836; Charles Winston Bailey b. Jan. 6, 1840. Henry Peterson (my line) b. Apr. 11, 1820 m. Sarah Ann Garner Tupman. Wm. Harrison b. 1818 d. 1891/92 m. Eliz. Grammar lived Van Buren, Ark. Mary Ann Rebecca b. 1822 m. Benjamin Diddle. Clarissa Emmaline b. May 7, 1824 m. James F. Morris 1845 - Adliza (Adaline) Jane m. Andrew Ernest Montgomery 1845. Sarah Therisa b. Apr. 13, 1828. d. Feb. 23, 1893 m. James M. Wilson. Benjamin Franklin Stevens Gill b. July 24, 1830 d. infancy. (Mrs. Lota Gill Jeffery, 149 So. Redwood Dr., Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074)

GILL

Martha Gill Wadsworth, 3121 Rosedale, Dallas, Texas EM3-1415.

GILLAM

Jonathan. Lancaster Co., Penn. b. 1753 served in Rev. War m. twice (1) name unknown, had 11 ch.; I have names of all, birthdates, some death dates, and info. of their marriages. (2) wife, Mary, had 6 ch., names of all, birthdates, etc.

GILLAM - Jonathan (cont'd.)

Family later moved to Ind. Jonathan is buried at Alpine, Ind. His son Thomas, b. July 22, 1787, my ancestor; have information on him and his family also. (Mrs. Gene A. Guinn, 636 Lacewood, Dallas 24, Texas)

GILLESPIE

Maryland before Revolution. George m. 1st Elizabeth Young d. 1793 Greene Co., Tenn. Was his father Rev. George Gillespie of White Clay Creek, Delaware? (Mrs. Ben Glusing, Box 1321, Kingsville, Texas)

GILLESPIE

George. Family from Ayrshire, Scotland, then Antrim, No. Ireland. To New York ca. 1740, then Penn. and Md. Married Elizabeth Duval. Son George Gillespie m. Martha Elizabeth Allen d. 1793, Greene Co., Tenn. Early settler in Tenn. (Mrs. Ben Glusing, Box 1321, Kingsville, Texas)

GILLIAM

Ray, Worth S. The Lost Tribes of North Carolina. This book has information on the Gilliam line.

GILLIFORD

Juniata Co., Pa. 1807. Robert Gilliford b. Nov. 4, 1807, Tuscararora Valley, Juniata Co., Penn. His ch. b. at Tarentum, Allegheny Co. Who were his parents? (Mrs. George T. Hawley, 1933 Atwood, Topeka, Kansas)

GILMORE (Gillmore, Gilmer, Gilmour)

Sarah Ann m. Robert Jefferson Hill, Washington Co., Ala. To Marengo Co. Ala. then to Washington Co., Texas. b. 1809 Tenn. lived in Ala. 1827-1853, in Texas 1853-d. 1857. Want parents of these. (Mrs. Jessie E. Franklin, 1602 Cooper Street, Commerce, Texas)

GILMORE (Gillmore, Gilmour, Gilmer)

Humphrey b. 1751 Lived in Henry Co., Va., Butts and Wilkes Co., Ga., Morgan and Greene Co., Ga., South Ala. Counties. Where did they live prior to 1781? No proved date prior to 1781. Said to have lived in Va. and N.C. I have data on his family, will exchange or give to anyone desiring it. (Ophelia A. Gilmore, 904 B West 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Austin 5, Texas)

GILMORE

Levi. Va., Mo. and Tenn., Ohio, Newton Co. Ark. In Newton Co. 1850 Census. b. Va. 1790 m. Sarah _____ b. Ga. 1795. Ch. Maranda b. Ohio 1821 m. John Flud. Rebecca Jane b. Tenn. 1825 m. John Tennison b. Ind. 1823, Kelsey b. Ark. 1835 m. Emily Mayberry. Savina b. Ark. 1836 m. L. R. Jones, Clarinda b. Ark. 1839. Alabama b. Ark. 1840. (Mrs. Russell Criner, 1307 South Harry St., Monahan, Texas 79756)

GILTENFENEG

Hirlinda Rosa Marie. b. 1866, Berlin, Germany. d. 1935, Cameron, Texas. m. Frederick H. Eickenhorst b. 1844 Germany. Ch.: Lilly Eickenhorst, Roas, Emma, Leona, Charlie, Will, Palmer, Fritz. Any and all information will be appreciated on this line. (Mrs. Paul L. Anton Meine, 609 Town North Dr., Arlington, Tex. CRS-5022)

GIST

Va., N.C., S.C. See Vol. 2, #4 (Oct. 195) issue of Echoes", East Tenn. Hist. Soc.

GIVENS

James b. 4-8-1764, Jane b. 6-17-1890. Mecklenberg Co., N.C., Franklin and Gibson Co., Tenn. (Tim K. Ferguson, 5347 McCommas, Dallas, 6, Texas TA7-2254)

GLADISH

Florence James. No. Ala., 1800's. This is one of my lines. I have been able to find nothing concerning this family and shall appreciate any information.
(J. T. Ramsey Jr., 2007 Althea, Houston 18, Texas)

GLAZIER

Renthea. Fairfield Co., S.C. 1785-1850 approx. b. Richland Co., S.C. m. John Rabb. (Elliott R. Whitman, 1233 Wiltshire Ave., San Antonio 9, Texas)

GLEESON

William W. b. 1804 Va. d. 1865 in Paris or Dresden, Tenn. m. Pulliam. Ch. Mary Arnetia m. Calvin Job Rogers of Obion Co., Tenn. Any information regarding given name of Miss Pulliam-ancestors of both Pulliam and W. W. Gleeson, other children of, etc. would be appreciated. (R.G. Brown III, 818 Kellog, Carthage, Tex.)

Additions to surname list:

ADAMS

John B. Kemper Co., Miss. m. Nancy Hinson in Anson Co., N.C. 1837, moved to Kemper Co., Miss. with brothers Thomas and Archibald. Parents: John Adams and Sarah Pratt. Grandfather believed to be Levi Adams, probably lived in Pitt Co., N.C. before 1800. d. 1819, Anson Co. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Alabama 35486)

ALEXANDER

Mary m. Charles Tomkies. Her sister, Nancy m. Thomas Baytop. They lived in Gloucester Co., Va. before 1700. Parents: David Alexander and Ann Morgan. (Dr. Charley Scott, P.O. Box 1336, University, Alabama 35486)

ASKIN

Samuel G. m. Jane. Elizabeth J. Askin b. 1826 m. William W. Bird. Caroline A. Bird b. 1846, Ala. m. William L. Stokes. Augusta Josephine Stokes b. 1877 Miss. m. John Washington McDonald. William E. McDonald b. 1895, Miss. m. Margaret J. Richardson. Uldine McDonald b. 1927, Miss. m. Charley Scott. (Charley Scott, P.O. Box 1336, University, Alabama 35486)

BALL

Elizabeth m. Ben Cheatham. Mary Tabitha Cheatham b. 1831 m. Fluellen McDonald. John Washington McDonald b. 1871 Miss. m. Augusta Josephine Stokes. William E. McDonald b. 1895 Miss. m. Margaret Richardson. Uldine McDonald b. 1927, Miss. m. Charley Scott. (Charley Scott, P.O. Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

BAYTOP

Ann m. Thomas Scott ab. 1720 in Gloucester Co., Va., Petsworth Parish. Preceding Ann were 3 generations of: Thomas Baytop m. Nancy Alexander, Thomas Baytop m. Hannah. Thomas Baytop. These reach back to England. (Charley Scott, P.O. Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

BENSON

Nancy m. Eaton Walker in Spartanburg, S.C., ab. 1799. Moved to Perry Co., Ala. with her family after Eaton's death. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

BIRD

William b. N.C. m. Elizabeth C. _____, William W. Bird b. 1821 Ala. m. Elizabeth J. Askin, Caroline A. Bird b. 1846, Ala. m. William L. Stokes. Augusta Josephine Stokes b. 1877 Miss. m. John Washington McDonald. William E. McDonald b. 1895 Miss. m. Margaret J. Richardson. Uldine McDonald b. 1927, Miss. Charley Scott. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

CHEATHAM

Ben m. Elizabeth Ball. Mary Tabitha Cheatham b. 1831 m. Fluellen McDonald, John Washington McDonald b. 1871, Miss. m. Augusta Josephine Stokes. William E. McDonald b. 1895, Miss. m. Margaret J. Richardson. Uldine McDonald b. 1927, Miss. m. Charley Scott. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

CLARK

Sarah b. 1830 Miss. or N.C. m. William Dees. Harriet Dees b. 1860, Miss. m. William M. Richardson. Margaret J. Richardson b. 1894, Miss. m. W. E. McDonald, Uldine McDonald b. 1927, Miss. m. Charley Scott. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

COLEMAN

Rachel m. William Thompson. Lived in Halifax Co., Va. before Revolution. Parents: Thomas Coleman and Elizabeth _____. They had moved to Halifax from Abingdon Parish, Gloucester Co., Va. A possible next generation is Thomas Coleman and Rebecca _____ of Gloucester. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

COLLIER

Frances, Va., York Co. m. James Scott ab. 1750. Parents: John Collier and Nancy Eppes. Charles Collier and Mary Evers. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

DEES

William b. 1822, Miss. m. Sarah Clark. Harriet L. Dees b. 1860, Miss. m. William Richardson. Margaret J. Richardson b. 1894 Miss. m. William E. McDonald. Uldine McDonald b. 1927, Miss. m. Charley Scott. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

EATON

Frances m. Alexander Walker. Lived in Spartanburg, S.C. at time of American Revolution. (Charley Scott, P.O.Box 1336, University, Ala. 35486)

EPPES

Nancy of Va. b. ab. 1700 m. John Collier. Dau. of Frances Eppes. (Charley Scott, P.O. Box 1336. University, Alabama 35486)

JAMES-CAPERS-WITHERINGTON
BIBLE & FAMILY RECORDS
Compiled by Mrs. Nadyne Goodman McGehee
Collinsville, Texas

Information about the James family was obtained from a copy taken from the Family Bible of the late Hon. William D. James. This copy was sent to John Junius James by his father William Hughes James, John J. James's daughter Loretta King James turned these records and family letters over to her eldest daughter, the compiler.

John James of Wales, later of Dromore County, Down, left his family in Wales and at the age of 16 joined King William's (of Orange) Army as a cadet. He served through his wars in Ireland and became, it is said, a Captain of the Dragoons. After the war he married and settled at Dromore, County of Down. His son, William James, was born in 1701. This son came to America in 1733 and settled in Williamsburg, S.C. He died in 1750, greatly respected. He had five sons, namely John, William, Gavin, Robert and James. His wife was Elizabeth Witherspoon.

The eldest son, John, was born in Ireland on April 12, 1732. He was brought to America when less than 1 year old. He distinguished himself as a Major under General Francis Marion. He was called the "Christian Hero." He was a sincere Christian. Major James was a powerful man from every point of view, broad-shouldered, clear minded, and commanding in appearance and character. He was Captain of Militia under George III in 1775, and immediately resigned when the Revolutionary War began and served with distinction in commanding a company at the battle of Tulefennys Bridge before the fall of Charleston.

Major James, before the fall of Charleston, was sent by Gov. Rutledge to Williamsburg to organize the district into a fighting force for service in the Revolution. While doing this work Charleston was taken by the British and thus Major James escaped capture.

Major James was ruling elder in the Indiantown Church, S.C., representing his people in the Provincial Assembly and was a member of the Legislature after the formation of the State. He died in Feb. 1791.

On January 18, 1753, Major James married Jane (or Jean), daughter of William Dobein of Indiantown, and to them was born four children, John, who was a Captain in the Revolution, William (Dobein), a 17-year old soldier in the Revolution, later a Chancellor in Equity and the author of "Life of Marion," and two daughters Elizabeth and Jamnet.

William took the name of "Dobein" in honor of his mother. He was born Dec. 20, 1764. I believe this William D. James was called the "Philosopher." On Jan. 22, 1793, he married Sarah Ford. She was born Oct. 16, 1776. She died Oct. 6, 1825, struck with palsy on suddenly hearing of a son's death (F.M. James) an M.D. in the fourth year of his practice. Their children were:

William Hughes James born Jan. 8, 1799 - our line
John Junius James born Jan. 18, 1802
Francis Marion James born Nov. 17, 1803, died 10/3/1825 - he was a doctor.
Elizabeth Stephenson James born Dec. 7, 1805 - died in infancy
Sarah Jane James born Oct. 10, 1807
Charlotte Keith James born June 19, 1809 - died 10/29/1826 at North Island.
She married Richard Oswald Anderson 3/22/1826

Henry Meredith James born May 4, 1812 - died in infancy
George Edmund James born Sept. 29, 1814 - died 7/10/1833

William Hughes James eldest son of Wm. D. James married Mary Ellen Capers on Aug. 15, 1825. She was born Sept. 25, 1807, daughter, I believe, of Wm. H. and Elizabeth Capers. The children of this union were:

Francis Marion James born Dec. 31, 1826
Victor William James born March 9, 1828
Joseph Allston James born July 22, 1829
John Junius James born Feb. 15, 1831 - died 3/9/1902 -
Benjamin Hughes Rutledge James born Aug. 1833 - died 2/10/1834
Pauline Mary James born Jan. 6, 1835

According to letters I have read, it seems the parents, Wm. Hughes James and Mary Ellen Capers James, both died about 1838. At their death, it seems these children were separated. I think my grandfather, John Junius James, lived with some of his mother's family (Capers). According to records Pauline Mary James was only 3 years old and she was adopted by Dr. J. B. Witherspoon (I believe he married a Capers) and was taken to live in S. Carolina. Before the parents died, they had moved to Sumter County, Ala. In 1856 Pauline Mary married a Presbyterian minister, James McDowell at Sumter S.C.

John Junius James (my grandfather (n.m.) the fourth son of W. H. James and Mary Ellen Capers, was married to Mary Jane Amanda Witherington on Dec. 25, 1849, at Eldorado, Ark. The minister was the Rev. John Hines. Mary Jane Amanda Witherington was born Oct. 1, 1832 in South Carolina. She died July 30, 1879 and was buried near Aubrey, Texas. Her parents were James Witherington (son of Wm. Witherington, Jr.) and Mary King. John Junius James died March 9, 1902, and was buried in cemetery at Collinsville, Texas. The children of J. J. and Mary Jane Amanda James were:

- 1st child a girl was born dead Oct. 26, 1850.
- 2nd child Mary Ellen Lusetta James born 2/2/1852 - died 1/24/1928 - buried at Tioga, Texas (some say Collinsville)
- 3rd child Pauline Emily James born 9/26/1854 - died 4/28/1876
- 4th child William Allston James born 4/3/1856 - died 7/5/1924 - born in Louisiana - buried in Fort Worth, Texas
- 5th child Susan Eliza James born 8/16/1858 in Louisiana - died when 3 weeks old.
- 6th child John Hines James born in Louisiana 8/30/1859 - died 3/15/1930 - buried in Oklahoma.
- 7th child Francis Edward James born in Gainesville, La., 5/22/1862 died 8/19/1919 - buried in Pilot Point, Texas.
- 8th child Richard Lagrand James born 6/2/1864 - died May 18, 1895 - buried in Collinsville, Texas
- 9th child Joseph Alvan James born 12/24/1866 - died Apr. 27, 1953 - buried in Collinsville, Texas
- 10th child Loretta King James born 1/19/1872 8 mi. east of Collinsville, Texas - died May 17, 1948 - buried in Collinsville

After the death of Mary Jane Amanda in 1879 (July 30th), John Junius James married a childless widow, Nancy Jane (Driskill) Mitchell on Oct. 27, 1881. She was born Nov. 27, 1843 in LaGrange, Ga. No children were born to this union. She died Mar. 28, 1924. After the death of J. J. James, she made her home with

a step-daughter, Loretta King (James) Goodman (for 22 years). She was buried in cemetery at Collinsville.

References: References to James Family in South Carolina history: "A Sketch of Life of Brig. General Frances Marion" and "History of Marion's Brigade" by Wm. Dobein James, A. M. Charleston, S.C. 1821.

Memiors of American Revolution, as related to the State of South Carolina by John Drayton, L. L. D.

"History of Revolution of S. C. from British Province to An Independent State"

"History of Williamsburg, S.C." by Wm. W. Boddie.

FAMILY LINE OF MARY ELLEN CAPERS, wife of Wm. Hughes James

George Sinclair Capers born 3/9/1755

Mary Capers born 3/10/1757

I can only find record of 2 children:

William H. Capers born Oct. 12, 1786, died 2/7/1839

James Capers born Oct. 12, 1788

The children of William H. Capers and Elizabeth, his wife, who was born Sept. 5, 1787, were:

William Washington Capers	born Apr. 22, 1806
Mary Ellen Capers	" Sept. 25, 1807
Joseph R. Capers	" Mar. 17, 1809
Elizabeth Capers	" Sept. 7, 1810
Joanna Judge Capers	" Apr. 7, 1812
George Sinclair Capers	" Jan. 18, 1814
James Hickson Capers	" Dec. 27, 1815
Caleb Gabriel Capers	" Aug. 4, 1817
Leonidas Ranson Capers	" Mar. 20, 1819
Richard Legrand Capers	" Mar. 27, 1821

From the records, I believe Eliza married Thos. Ladson Hartly (or Hartly), who was born Apr. 10, 1795.

James Hartly, son of T. L. & Eliza, was born 4/29/1829

Beatrix Hartly, daughter of T. L. & Eliza was born 9/9/1830

Thos. Ladson Hartly, Jr. was born Feb. 8, 1832.

William H. Capers, son of G. S. and Amanda Capers born 4/20/1839

The above information compiled and prepared by Nadyne Goodman McGehee from various records and research. Typed by Leona Eddins in October, 1968.

WITHERINGTON FAMILY HISTORY
(Mary Jane Amanda Witherington James Family)

William Witherington, Sr. born Feb. 10, 1741, married Elizabeth Lewis. Probably moved to Conecuh Co., Ala. in the spring of 1819. He died Sept. 22, 1819. Has a Revolutionary record from Darlington, S.C.

His son, William Witherington, Jr. born Apr. 11, 1773, died Aug. 25, 1837. His wife was Sarah Stanley, born March 22, 1777, died 6/1/1845. She was the daughter of Sands Stanley who came from North Carolina to Darlington, S.C. in 1778. The Stanley line came from an Earl in England. Her mother's name was Zelpha. Their children were:

- (1) Daniel E., born July 5, 1795. Died Aug. 24, 1860, buried at Conecuh Co., Ala. He married Melissa King. She was born Feb. 20, 1805 at Darlington, S.C. She died June 16, 1880, buried Conecuh Co., Ala. She was the daughter of William and Elizabeth King. Daniel was a veteran of the war of 1812.
- (2) Elizabeth Witherington born Apr. 29, 1797, Darlington, S.C., died Dec. 16, 1865, buried near Norwood, La. She married 6/29/1818 Ezekial Norwood. He was born Nov. 6, 1796 near Norwood, La. He died 9/13/1834. He was the son of Samuel and Martha Norwood.
- (3) Martha Witherington born May 8, 1799 at Darlington, S.C. Died Mar. 11, 1837, buried at E. Feliciana Parish, La. Married David Pipes who was the son of Windsor and Jane McAfee Pipes.
- (4) John Witherington born May 14, 1801 at Darlington, S.C. Died Apr. 17, 1855, buried at Calhoun Co., Ark. He married Mary Ellis born in 1806 in N. Carolina buried in Ark.
- (5) Crowtus Witherington born Oct. 17, 1803, died Jan. 27, 1809.
- (6) James Witherington born Sept. 14, 1805, Darlington S.C., died June 28, 1849, buried El Dorado, Ark. He married Jan. 15, 1828 to Mary King. She was born Oct. 28, 1809 at Darlington, S.C. She died Apr. 23, 1846, buried at Conecuh Co., Ala. She was the daughter of James King and Catherine Coleman. James Witherington and wife, Mary King, were the parents of Mary Jane Amanda, who married John J. James.
- (7) Emily Witherington born Oct. 23, 1807 at Darlington, S.C. died May 10, 1885, buried at Burnt Corn, Ala. Married Feb. 21, 1828 to Ithiel Lee born Mar. 24, 1803 at Johnston Co., N.C. He died July 6, 1877, buried at Burnt Corn, Ala. He was the son of Joel Lee and Media Lassiter.
- (8) William Sebastian Witherington, born 1/15/1810 at Darlington District S.C. He married Mary Ann Lee, who was born Apr. 11, 1813 at Johnston Co. N.C. She was the daughter of Joel Lee and Media Lassiter.
- (9) Thomas Leander Witherington, born Sept. 10, 1812. He died Nov. 24, 1812.
- (10) Robert Lewis Witherington born 2/10/1814, died 8/29/1817.
- (11) Sarah Caroline Witherington born 2/14/1816, died 10/8/1819.
- (12) Augustus Levon Witherington born 12/31/1818, died in La.
- (13) Amanda Witherington born 8/21/1821, died 9/28/1821 in Ala.

James Witherington (son of Wm. Witherington, Jr.) married May King. Their children were:

- (1) Catherine Elizabeth Loretta born Dec. 28, 1828 at Conecuh, Ala. died in 1879, buried Dallas County, Texas. She married Macklin Grimmitt, Nov. 8, 1849. He was born 1819 at St. Clair Co., Ala. the son of Jacob Grimmitt and Martha Huston.

- (2) Sarahan Eliz born Jan. 30, 1830. Married Nov. 9, 1848 to Calvin D. Gulley.
- (3) Mary Jane Amanda born Oct. 1, 1832, died July 30, 1879, buried near Aubrey, Texas. She married Dec. 25, 1849, John Junius James who was born Feb. 15, 1831 in S.C. He died March 9, 1902 buried at Collinsville, Texas. His parents were William H. James and Mary Ellen Capers.
- (4) Emily Drusilla Caroline born June 24, 1834. She married Marcus L. Hines. Feb. 7, 1850. She lived in Pleasanton, Atascosa County in Feb. 1895.
- (5) Marthey Louisa Rachel born Apr. 15, 1836 (a native of Alabama; died 7/1/1862. Married Judge William C. Langford.
- (6) Newton Stanley Witherington born Dec. 11, 1837, married Feb. 7, 1862 to Rebeckey A. M. Smith.
- (7) Lusetta Calista Witherington, born 2/28/1840, married James E. Norwood Nov. 28, 1859.
- (8) Alvan Maranda born May 2, 1843
- (9) Henrietta King Witherington born Apr. 23, 1846, married to Wm. H. Persy Dec. 18, 1867. In 1895 they lived in Indian Territory.

ADAMS FAMILY RECORD
Great-Grandfather of Nadyne Goodman McGehee
Collinsville, Texas

John Adams born June 4th, 1807. Died Sept. 28, 1868
Sarah Adams his wife, born Oct. 25, 1816

Louisa E. Adams	1st daughter	born Dec. 3, 1833
Adiel L. Adams	1st son	born Aug. 12, 1835
Welcome Adams	3rd child	born Aug. 5, 1837 d. Aug. 2, 1910
Susan Adams	4th child	born Oct. 1, 1839
Willis B. Adams	5th child	born Feb. 2, 1841
Joseph H. Adams	6th child	born Feb. 14, 1843
John Adams	7th child	born July 18, 1846
Vesuvi Jane Adams		born Oct. 6, 1848
George Adams		born Feb. 28, 1851
Katie Adams		born Dec. 29, 1856
Jim Adams		Date of birth unknown

Family was living in Titus Co., Texas, 1860 Census.

THE NICHOLAS PERKINS FAMILY

Additions and corrections of article appearing in March, 1970 issue of The Quarterly on "Perkins-Scales and Watters families."

Mrs. Jewel B. Standefer
727 Goodlett, Memphis, Tenn. 38111
A descendant of Nicholas Perkins.

To begin this portion, which is the real beginning of the American Perkins families one must go back into Bedfordshire, England where Arthur Perkins married Elizabeth Kymball, daughter of Nicholas Kymball.

Nicholas Perkins, son of Arthur and Elizabeth Kymball Perkins, was baptized in Christ Church, Bedfordshire, England, September 5, 1572. Nicholas Perkins married January 13, 1613 in Bedfordshire, England, Jane Ironmonger, Nicholas Perkins came to America very early and it is believed that Jane died in the course of the voyage. He returned to England in 1641 and his death is recorded in the Christ Church Register, 1641, stating that he was on a return visit to England from America.

Nicholas Perkins, son of Nicholas and Jane (Ironmonger) Perkins, was born 1614, Bedfordshire, England and married ca 1640 (1) Elizabeth Hardyng, dau of Constantine Hardyng. She had one son Nicholas Perkins, born 1641 in England and died then and in that place. Nicholas evidently married very soon Mary Parker for the children named in his will and in the suits or depositions by them against Mary (Parker) Perkins Parker's now husband in 1656 (Dr. Richard Parker of Charles City Co and later Henrico Co., Va) state the ages of these children as: Nicholas in 1658 was 17 years old; Elizabeth in 1665 was 21 years of age; Lydia was married at about age 17 in 1658 to John Nowell. Nicholas Perkins died before July 31, 1656 for on February 4, 1656 Mary Perkins was already married to Dr. Richard Parker, then of Charles City Co., Va. He later moved to Henrico Co., Va. and the children, Nicholas and Elizabeth moved with their step-mother or mother as the case may be and their new stepfather, to Henrico Co.

Nicholas Perkins, son of Nicholas and Elizabeth Hardyng Perkins, born 1641 in Bedfordshire, England married Sarah, daughter of Abraham Childers and the record is correct, as far as we know from here down. He was the real ancestor of the Virginia families of the name. He died in Henrico Co., Va. 1712, his widow Sarah, surviving and dying in January 1722.

AUBIN, SMITH, THURMAN, CANNON, SANDERLIN
Mr. & Mrs. Joseph C. Smith
2941 Sinbad Circle
Dallas, Texas 75234

WORKSHOP ON RESEARCH IN TENNESSEE

To be Conducted by Mrs. Hermione Embry

The Ark-La-Tex Genealogical Association will hold its annual workshop in the banquet room of Holiday Inn, I-20 and Hamilton Road, Bossier City, Louisiana, from 9:00 A.M. to 4:45 P.M., 8 August 1970. Registration will be from 8:00 A.M. to 9:00 A.M., at which time an outstanding authority on Tennessee Research will be presented.

MRS. HERMIONE EMBRY (Mrs. Charles A. Embry, Sr.) needs no introduction to many of you, and certainly not, if you ever visited the Library at the Tennessee State Archives prior to her retirement as Genealogical Research Librarian in 1969. Mrs. Embry is famous for her charm, wit, skill, and graciousness to all who came to know her in the course of their research at the Tennessee State Library. She is particularly and especially qualified to conduct a Workshop on Research in Tennessee, as evidenced by this brief biographical sketch.

Mrs. Hermione (Dunlap) Embry was born in Demopolis, Marengo County, Alabama, the daughter of Robert Lee Dunlap and Caroline Amable (Taylor) Dunlap. She attended Winston Salem Academy 1915-17, St. Mary's School 1919-20, Converse College 1920-23, University of Alabama 1923-25, American University 1955, and hold a Master's Degree in Genealogical Research. On 21 October 1925, she married Charles Akin Embry, (Criminal Lawyer, deceased 10 October 1947) and her children are Charles Akin, Jr., and Hermione Caroline.

Mrs. Embry served as Genealogical Reference Librarian, Tennessee State Library and Archives, 1945-1969; Teacher of Genealogical Research at Columbia Community College 1967-69; and is author and compiler of books and articles for professional journals in the field of genealogy. She is a member of the following organizations: Daughters of the American Revolution, Daughters of the American Colonists, N.S.D. 1812, Colonial Dames of America, National Society of Southern Dames of America, A.L.A. Tennessee, Nashville Librarians Association and Alpha Gamma Delta Society, and has held various offices in most of these societies.

There is such a great need for information on Research in Tennessee for genealogists in this area that we want all of you to have an opportunity to learn about it from a real expert. Registration forms, a map showing location of Holiday Inn in Bossier City, and a program outline will be published in the July issue of the Genie.

* * * * *

MARTIN, GEURIN, ROZZELL, ALBERT,
MATTHEWS, MORGAN, NEVINS, MOORE &
WOODLEY

Mrs. Della M. Martin
1503 Irvin Lane
Irving, Texas 75060

NEWELL, MOORE, HARRIS, WELLS, WILLIAMS
WILLIAMS, ROSSER
Mrs. Lucille Wells
3912 London Lane
Ft. Worth, Texas 76118

GALYEAN, HAGGARD, SMITH, FLETCHER, BULLOCK,
JONES, HAMM, CAIN, McDONALD, CRUZE (CRUCE)
(HUSBAND'S -CAMPBELL, RUBERTH, GARNER,
HAMPSHIRE, RATLIFF, BEASLEY, GRIFFIN,
WHITEHEAD, BAUGH, DUNMAN
Mrs. Joyce Campbell
2033 Oates Drive, Apt. 207
Dallas, Texas 75228

P R O G R A M

THE LOCAL HISTORY AND GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

WITH THE COOPERATION OF EL CENTRO COLLEGE

Held its Sixteenth Annual Genealogical Institute and Workshop, May 15 & 16, 1970

Mr. Hershel W. Anderson, President Mrs. J. R. Macdonald, General Chairman

P R O G R A M

FRIDAY, MAY 15th AT THE LONE STAR GAS BUILDING
(301 S. Harwood-one block from the Public Library)

- 11:30 - 1:00 P.M. : Registration and coffee
1:00 - 1:30 P.M. : Welcome from The Local History and Genealogical Society
1:30 - 3:00 P.M. : "MIGRATION FROM MISSISSIPPI TO TEXAS" by Mr. Norman E. Gillis, Editor, Mississippi Genealogy and Local History.
3:00 - 4:30 P.M. : "GENEALOGICAL SOURCES IN GEORGIA AND THE CAROLINAS" by Mrs. Mary Bondurant Warren, Editor, Georgia Genealogist, and Carolina Genealogist.
4:30 - 6:00 P.M. : "AN IMAGINARY TOUR OF A TENNESSEE COUNTY COURTHOUSE" by Miss Pollyanna Creekmore, Editor and Compiler, expert on East Tennessee
6:00 - 7:30 P.M. : Dinner Recess
7:30 - 9:30 P.M. : "PANEL DISCUSSION ON GENEALOGICAL PROBLEMS" by Miss Pollyanna Creekmore, Mr. Norman E. Gillis and Mrs. Mary Bondurant Warren with Miss Mabel Wilkerson of The Local History and Genealogical Society as Moderator.

SATURDAY, MAY 16 AT EL CENTRO COLLEGE, Main and Lamar

- 9:00 - 9:30 A.M. : Registration and coffee
9:30 - 11:00 A.M. : "AN IMAGINARY TOUR OF A TENNESSEE COUNTY COURTHOUSE" by Miss Pollyanna Creekmore
11:00 - 12:30 P.M. : "RECONSTRUCTING LOST RECORDS THROUGH THE USE OF NEWSPAPERS" by Mrs. Mary Bondurant Warren.
12:30 - 2:00 P.M. : Luncheon Recess.
2:00 - 3:20 P.M. : "MIGRATION FROM MISSISSIPPI TO TEXAS" by Mr. Norman E. Gillis.
3:20 - 4:40 P.M. : "FINDING YOUR ANCESTORS IN TENNESSEE" by Miss Pollyanna Creekmore.
4:40 - 6:00 P.M. : "PUBLICATION OF GENEALOGICAL MATERIAL" by Mr. Norman E. Gillis.

EL CENTRO COLLEGE COMMUNITY SERVICE PROGRAMS - FALL, 1970
Co-sponsor - Local History & Genealogical Society

GENEALOGY

GENEALOGY FOR BEGINNERS - Beginning, September 19 - 1:00-3:00 p.m.
Cost \$10.00

A practical "how to" course for beginners or experienced persons wishing to review their present practices. Register early

Eight Class Sessions - - - - - Sixteen hours

GENEALOGICAL RESEARCH - LEVEL II - Beginning, September 19 - 2:00-4:00 p.m.
Cost \$10.00

A course designed to increase the research skills of those already engaged in the field. Emphasis will be placed on evaluation of evidence and techniques for determining an accurate lineage.

Pre-requisite: El Centro College Community Service Programs Certificate - "Genealogy for Beginners" or research experience approved by instructor. (Limited enrollment) Register early.

INFORMATION: Request Catalogue of Courses: El Centro College
Phone - 746-2200 - Request- Community Service Programs office.

BOOK REVIEW

Abstracts of the Records of the Society of Friends in Indiana, Part Three,
 edited by Willard Heiss.

Published by the Indiana Historical Society, April 1970.

Price: \$12.50 (Paper cover): \$15.00 (Cloth cover)

2% sales tax to residents of Indiana

Order from the Indiana Historical Society, 140 North Senate Avenue,
 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

Another good and welcome companion to an excellent series.

Contains accounts of Monthly Meetings in Grant, Howard, Huntington, and
 Wabash Counties.

Genealogy of Edward & Sarah (Burchett) Osborn of Floyd County, Kentucky.

by Donald Lewis Osborn, 322 Willow Way, Lee's Summit, Missouri, 64063

Price: \$2.00. Order from the author. (Paper cover)

A well documented and interesting genealogy.

Abstracts of Bedford County, Virginia.

Wills, Inventories and Accounts 1754-1787"

by Miss Joida Whitten, P.O. Box 8145, Dallas, Texas 75205

Price: \$10.00 postpaid (Texas residents add 4% Sales Tax)

Written for the genealogical researcher who is interested in every name,
 place and date mentioned in an instrument. All personal names listed and
 indexed. Blue paper cover, stitched binding.

Pennington Pedigrees. A Magazine for Pennington Cousins

Editor: Mrs. Bee Holmes, 1508 Yows, Borger, Texas 79007

Price for Subscription: Three Issues \$3.25 each; for the year \$8.25.

If you have any Penningtons or related lines this is a MUST FOR YOU.

Well indexed.

Euliss Family Association Reunion to be held September 20, 1970 at Graham
 Community Center, Graham, N.C. President: John L. Euliss

Alamance Battleground Road
 Burlington, N.C. 27215

September issue of Quarterly will feature Euliss Genealogy. First of the
 name in North Carolina was Philip Ullis (Eulice, Euliss) whose name was
 on 1779 Tax List, Orange County, N.C.

SPENCER, SMITH, CAGLE, MONTALDO

Mrs. Joe P. Doye

9927 Ridgeway

Dallas, Texas 75238

KERLEY, DUNN, BOND, LOFLAND

Mrs. Vinita B. Davis

1300 N. Locust

Denton, Texas 76201

QUERY

MILLER - Will decedents of Jesse P. Miller, born Tenn. 1829, came to Texas
 1854 married Francis (Walker?) lived in Llano Co., Texas, had 2 sons George J.,
 Jerry E., 3 girls Millie F., Sarah M., Winnie?? Please write Mrs. R. L. (Miller)
 Rogers 5722 Winton St., Dallas, Texas 75206.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERSHIPS TO LOCAL HISTORY & GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY
AFTER PUBLICATION OF MARCH, 1970 QUARTERLY

Brown, Mr. & Mrs. Raymon L., 6418 Rock Canyon Circle Dallas, Texas 75232	374-5023
Campbell, Mr. & Mrs. Billy J. , 2033 Oates Drive, Apt. 207 Dallas, Texas 75228	328-5283
Cook, Mr. & Mrs. H. Chilton, Jr., 1325 Southwood St. Alice, Texas 78332	
Coppedge, Mrs. Virgil M., 9803 Windledge Drive, Dallas, Texas 75238	348-2766
Davis, Vinita Bond, 1300 N. Locust, Denton, Texas 76201	
Doye, Mrs. Joe P., 9927 Ridgehaven, Dallas, Texas 75238	348-2445
Hayley, Mr. C. C., 1726 Elmwood Blvd., Dallas, Texas 75224	331-1391
Landy, Mrs. Aaron E., 1427 S. Madison, San Angelo, Texas 76901	
Long, Mr. Sam, 2825 Amherst, Dallas, Texas 75225	368-0404
Lowrance, Mr. Will F., 2512 Greenport, Dallas, Texas 75228	321-3359
O'Donnell, Mrs. R. E., 4817 Waldron, Fort Worth, Texas 76133	
Robinson, Mr. & Mrs. Walter S., 1316 Gus Thomasson Mesquite, Texas 75149	285-5754
Smith, Mr. & Mrs. Joseph C., 2941 Sinbad Circle, Dallas, Tex 75234	447-3201
Wells, Mr. & Mrs. Chet N., 3912 London Lane, Fort Worth, Texas 76118	284-9826

THE TENNESSEE GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY
Post Office Box 12124
Memphis, Tennessee 38112

If you are looking for ancestors in Tennessee, remember

"ANSEARCHIN'" NEWS

The official publication of The Tennessee Genealogical Society

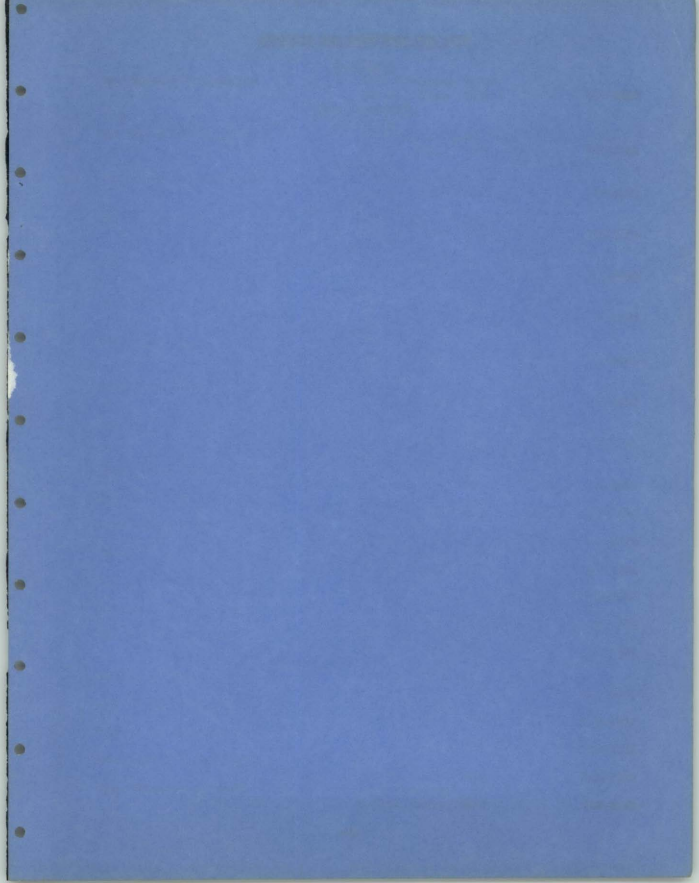
Annual Subscription \$6.00
Free Queries to Members

Back Issues Available
Free Table of Contents

Master Surname Index to Assist Members
Index of Surnames Listed 1969 Seminar \$1.00
Shelby County, Tennessee, Marriage Records, 1819-1850 \$9.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS FOR 1970

Mr. Hershel W. Anderson	<u>PRESIDENT</u> 4012 Centenary Drive Dallas, Texas 75225	361-1280
	<u>VICE PRESIDENTS</u>	
	<u>Executive</u>	
Dr. Ben Lewis Smith, Jr.	11519 Rosser Road Dallas, Texas 75229	351-4310
	<u>Program</u>	
Mrs. James R. Macdonald	6415 Meadow Road Dallas, Texas 75230	368-5313
	<u>Publication - Editor</u>	
Mrs. R. E. Dishman	10609 Longmeadow Dr. Dallas, Texas 75238	348-1575
	<u>Communication</u>	
Mrs. Jack A. Morris, Jr.	9986 Bowman Blvd. Dallas, Texas 75220	352-7933
	<u>Membership</u>	
Mrs. Duane C. Cleere	1816 Beltline Road Irving, Texas 75060	252-2505
	<u>TREASURER</u>	
Miss Ada Miller	4801 Alan Dale Lane Dallas, Texas 75209	352-3041
	<u>RECORDING SECRETARY</u>	
Miss Nancy Miller	5746 Morningside Dallas, Texas 75206	823-6252
	<u>CORRESPONDING SECRETARY</u>	
Mrs. C. B. Skinner	3990 Park Lane Dallas, Texas 75220	352-7722
	<u>DIRECTORS AT LARGE</u>	
Mrs. Lucile Anderson Boykin	1954 Commerce St. Dallas, Texas 75201	748-9071
Mr. Levi A. Busby	1009 Tipperary Dr. Dallas, Texas 75238	327-7654
Mr. Porter Lindsley, Jr.	4612 Watauga Dallas, Texas 75209	741-6226
Mrs. A. E. Lush	2337 O'Bannon Drive Dallas, Texas 75224	941-0606
Mrs. William J. Morris	5722 Anita Dallas, Texas 75206	823-3807
Mrs. Arthur Prestridge	3728 Park Lane Dallas, Texas 75220	357-7792
Mr. Thomas S. Walker	6715 Desco Drive Dallas, Texas 75225	361-4391
	<u>REPLACEMENT DIRECTORS AT LARGE</u>	
Mr. H. G. Askev	3404 Lovers Lane Dallas, Texas 75225	361-5579
Mrs. Shelton H. Bricker	5807 Vanderbilt Dallas, Texas 75206	826-4052
Mrs. W. Graeme Dixon	3612 Asbury Dallas, Texas 75205	528-1433
Mrs. Harold C. McCrary	6112 Anita Dallas, Texas 75214	823-7321
Mrs. Margaret B. Pratt	3529 McFarlin Dallas, Texas 75205	528-3433



MRS. R. E. DISHMAN
Vice President, Publication-Editor
10609 Longmeadow Drive
Dallas, Texas 75238



Special Fourth Class Rate
BOOK

Return Postage Guaranteed

Mrs. Lucile A. Boykin
5717-C McCommas
Dallas, Tx 75206